JUPITER GENERAL

is a progressive Insurance Co.

J5

Regd. No. B 1065

# The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXVII NO. 248 BOMBAY: FRIDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1939 PRICE: ONE ANNA

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

JUPITER GENERAL

can be consulted by the Insuring public on all occasions and for all Insurances.

J6

# Final Congress Offer To Britain

## *Freedom After War: Central Responsibility Now*

## PROPOSAL FOR WARDHA MEETING OF WORKING COMMITTEE

## Viceroy May Meet Mahatma Again: Last Word Not Yet Said?

***"FROM talks in high Congress circles I learn that the absolute minimum which will be acceptable to India is th at Britain should give a definite pledge of India's Freedom after war and further that the Central Government must be made responsible immediately", says our Patna correspondent. He adds:***

### *A MOCKERY*

**The announcement of Consultative Committee is considered a mockery of India's aspiration.**

### *THE NEXT STEP*

**It is considered likely that the Working Committee meeting at Wardha may not sound the war bugle but would surely give a clarion call to be ready for a general marching order.**

### *NOT LAST WORD*

***According to speculations in New Delhi, says our correspondent, a proposal will be mooted at Wardha that now is the time to vest Gandhiji with full powers. In that case it is likely there may be another Gandhi-Linlithgow meeting, for the feeling still persists that the Viceroy's statement is not the last word on the subject.***

### *ANOTHER GANDHI-VICEROY MEETING?*

(From Our Corrspondent).

NEW DELHI, Oct. 19.

At present, official circles are reported to be studying carefully reactions in the country and comments in newspapers. The unanimity with which Viceroy's declaration has been criticised in all parts of the country—by even supposed friendly quarters like Muslim Leaguers—has not escaped attention.

AT JINNAH'S RESIDENCE

Important consultations are going on at Mr. Jinnah's residence regarding the Muslim League's attitude to the situation, which has arisen—particularly in view of the possibility of resignation of Congress Ministries. There is reason to believe that Muslim circles are far from happy over the Viceroy's declaration. It is not unlikely that Mr. Jinnah may spring a surprise next Sunday when the League Committee meets to consider the Viceroy's declaration.

The League's resolution on war demanded three things. Firstly, "No declaration regarding the question of constitutional advance for India should be made without the consent and approval of All-India Muslim League." Secondly, "No constitution be framed and accepted by His Majesty's Government without its consent and approval." Thirdly, it is League's charge that "Governors have failed to protect the rights of the Mussalmans."

To none of these is there any reference in the Viceroy's declaration. The Viceroy's undertaking is in general terms that His Majesty's Government will seek assistance and advice of the representatives of all parties and all interests.

WHAT LEAGUE STANDS FOR

As the League's resolution definitely states, "Muslim League stands for the freedom of India" the question is how Mr. Jinnah or the Muslim League can subscribe to the implications of the Viceroy's declaration which definitely rejects the demand made by even non-Congress leaders that immediately after War India should be given the same political status as the Dominions under the Statute of Westminster.

In any case it is regarded as hardly likely that the Muslim League will accept the proposed Consultative Committee as sufficient response to the demand for immediate introduction of Responsible Government at the Centre by enlargement of the Cabinet and inclusion of elected representatives.

**WARDHA, Oct. 19.**

**"If you believe in the efficacy of the national basic scheme of education, then carry on the scheme. Congress Ministries may be in office to-day. To-morrow they may be out of it, but the Congress will carry on its constructive programme irrespective of whether the Congress Ministries are there or not", declared Gandhiji replying to questions at the Wardha Basic Education Conference this afternoon.**

**Gandhiji added the Congress was following a truthful path from where there was no retreat.**

**Gandhiji explained that the Basic Scheme of Education aimed at creating national servants. The Boys, under this scheme, were given all training through some craft and "takli" being the cheapest and most easily available had been introduced. He mentioned that in Shegaon 40 boys earned in seventy days Rs. 10 through the sale of the yarn spun by them. If five crore Indian children will take up spinning in schools, India could have millions of yards of yarn and of the people use the Khadi manufactured out of it, that would put an end to the drain of Indian money. —A.P.**

### *A GENTLEMAN'S PACT?*

(From Our Correspondent).

PATNA, Oct. 19.

At a Conference of important Bihar Congress Workers held yesterday, Babu Rajendra Prasad, participating, the Viceroy's Declaration was fully discussed and considered it to be only a veiled reiteration of British determination to perpetuate their imperial-

(Continued on Page 4 Col. 7.)

### *INDIA AND WAR: LABOUR MOVE*

*Debate In Commons On Thursday Next?*

**LONDON, October 19.**

**IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS, MR. ATTLEE GAVE NOTICE, THAT SUBJECT TO THERE NOT BEING A LONG DEBATE ON THE PRIME MINISTER'S STATEMENT NEXT THURSDAY, THEY INTENDED TO RAISE THE SUBJECT OF INDIA AND WAR.**

**THE PRIME MINISTER ANNOUNCED IN THE COMMONS THAT THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA AND THE GOVERNMENT OF BURMA DRAFT ORDERS WILL BE TAKEN ON OCTOBER 24.—Reuter.**

## Vague War-Time Promises Again!

(From Our Correspondent.)

LONDON, October 19.

Interviewed Mr. Grenfell, M.P., said, Labour is unimpressed by the Viceroy's statement and added: "There is no acknowledgment of Congress demands which only appeared as 'appendix'.

The Government of India missed a splend'd opportunity for registering a step forward towards the establishment of popular liberty in India.

The promise to set up a Consultative Committee and vague promises of what might come after war are reminiscent of the promises made during the last war.

As far as I can judge, the Labour party opinion coincides with mine.

Welcoming Sir Mahomed Usman's statement, several M.P.'s desire to know why the Viceroy did not obtain his views and those of other Muslim leaders who share them before making his own statement since Sir Usman's statement contradicts, in essence, the point of view represented by Mr. Jinnah and Indian Muslims.

### *RAJEN BABU & JAWAHARLAL*

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 19.

Babu Rajendra Prasad, Congress President, has wired that he will be arriving here at 8 a.m. to-morrow and after a four hours' stay will leave for Wardha.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru will return to Allahabad to-morrow morning.—United Press.

## Stockholm Conference Concludes

STOCKHOLM, Oct. 19.

Three Northern Kings and President Kallio of Finland broadcast statements from the Royal Palace this afternoon following the conclusion of the Four-Power Conference here. The speeches were relayed throughout the Northern countries.

Earlier the four Foreign Ministers of Northern countries met to continue discussions and then proceeded to the Palace where the talks concluded in full session at which the present King of Norway, Denmark and Sweden and the President of Finland were present.

President Kallio said: "Finland is placing trust in God and the justice of the cause. Peace loving Finnish people will unanimously defend their independence while only desiring to live in peace on her own soil. They will hope to the last that her powerful neighbour will respect the Pacific agreements made with Finland. These include conditions expressly providing a peaceful settlement of possible differences. Finland stands by her undertakings.—Reuter.

## STOP PRESS

### *Text Of Ankara Agreement*

LONDON, Oct. 19.

The text of the Ankara Agreement has been published. It consists of nine Articles.

Firstly, Britain and France will assist Turkey in the event of the latter being a victim of aggression.

Secondly, it provides for mutual assistance in the event of Turkey on the one hand and Britain and France on the other being involved in war in the Mediterranean as a result of an act of aggression.

Thirdly, Turkey will assist Britain and France in hostilities arising in virtue of the Anglo-French guarantees to Greece and Rumania.

Fourthly, in the event of Britain and France being involved in hostilities in consequence of aggression by a European Power without the provisions of Articles Two and Three being applicable, the contracting parties will consult together while Turkey will observe at least benevolent neutrality towards Britain and France.

Fifthly, it provides for similar consultation with a view to common action in the event of aggression against another European State which, any of the contracting parties has undertaken to assist, or in the event of indirect aggression, which menaces the security of any of the contracting Power.

Sixthly, it affirms that the Treaty is not directed against any country.

Seventhly, the provisions are equally binding as bilateral obligations between Turkey and each of the two other contracting parties.

Eighthly, if the contractants be engaged in hostilities in consequence of the operation of the Treaty, they will not conclude separate peace.

Ninthly, the Treaty is valid for 15 years and is automatically renewable for further five years unless denounced at the expiration of 15 years and becomes effective immediately.

The Protocol exempts Turkey from obligations under the Treaty which would compel her to enter an armed conflict with the Soviets.—Reuter.

## No Temporary Arrangement

### Chamberlain On Treaty With Turkey

LONDON, October 19.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Chamberlain, in a statement with regard to the Anglo-Franco-Turkish Treaty said though the negotiations which had been proceeding since he made his statement on May 12 had been protracted, they had never shown any material difference of views and throughout had been conducted in an atmosphere of mutual trust and confidence. (Cheers).

"Agreement on the terms of the Treaty had been reached some three weeks ago, but signature had been postponed with the concurrence of the British and French Governments as the Turkish Government had hoped that the visit of M. Sarajoglu to Moscow might result in the conclusion of a Turco-Russian parallel Treaty.

The negotiations which M. Sarajoglu had been conducting in Moscow had now been temporarily suspended. The Turkish Government felt that certain proposals made to them could not be reconciled with the points already agreed between Turkey on the one hand and Britain and France on the other. (Cheers).

Nevertheless it had been announced both from Moscow and Ankara that the Turco-Soviet relations continue to rest on the foundation of friendship. (Cheers). Meanwhile, the Turkish Government had decided not to defer any longer the signature of the Anglo-Turkish Treaty and I am glad to be able to announce that the Treaty was signed in Ankara half an hour ago. (Loud cheers).

The full text of the treaty will be available to-morrow.

The Treaty is valid for a minimum period of fifteen years and, therefore, is no temporary arrangement to meet a pressing emergency, but a solid testimony of the three Governments concerned to pursue a long-term policy of collaboration. (Cheers).—

Mr. Chamberlain added: "It will give the House great satisfaction to learn that these negotiations have been brought to a successful conclusion and the seal is set on our close and cordial relations with a country for the quality and character of whose people, we have the highest regard and admiration (Loud cheers).

TRIUMPH FOR HALIFAX

Mr. Attlee welcomed the statement and hoped that the agreement would long endure and Anglo-Turkish friendship might be strengthened.

Sir Percy Harris for Opposition Liberals congratulated the Government and said that it was a great triumph for Lord Halifax and the whole Government to have so skilfully guided what must have been difficult negotiations and paid a tribute to the immense progress of Turkey since the war in arts, civilisation and economic development (Loud Cheers). He said it was particularly satisfactory that Turkey should be standing alongside Britain in the fight for law, order and decency in international affairs (Cheers).—Reuter.

### *YUGOSLAVIA'S WELCOME*

BELGRADE, Oct. 19.

Although no official comment is available on the Anglo-Franco-Turk Agreement headlines and the presentation of the news shows unqualified approval.—Reuter.

### *ANOTHER CHECK ON GERMANY*

PARIS, Oct. 19.

Well-informed circles are delighted at the conclusion of the

(Continued on page 7, column 2.)

## Turkey's Pact With Britain And France

## MUTUAL ASSISTANCE IN EAST MEDITERRANEAN

## But Won't Be Party To War With Soviet Russia

*LONDON, OCT. 19.*

*IT IS UNDERSTOOD A PACT BETWEEN BRITAIN AND TURKEY AND FRANCE AND TURKEY WAS SIGNED THIS AFTERNOON. THE TREATY, WHICH IS PRACTICALLY IN ITS ORIGINAL SHAPE AND HAS UNDERGONE ONLY VERY SLIGHT UNIMPORTANT MODIFICATIONS PROVIDES:*

### TERMS OF TREATY

*FIRSTLY, THAT THE BRITISH AND FRENCH GOVERNMENTS UNDERTAKE TO ASSIST TURKEY.*

*(A) In the event of any act of aggression by any European Power;*

*(B) If any action by a European Power shall lead to war in the Mediterranean area wherein Turkey should be involved;*

### TURKEY'S OBLIGATIONS

*SECONDLY, TURKEY AGREES TO COME TO THE SUPPORT OF BRITAIN AND FRANCE.*

*(A) In the event of any act of aggression by a European Power involving hostilities in Eastern Mediterranean;*

*(B) If the United Kingdom and France are engaged in hostilities as a result of their guarantees to Rumania and Greece;*

### MUTUAL CONSULTATIONS

*THIRDLY, THE THREE GOVERNMENTS AGREE TO CONSULT WITH REGARD TO COMMON ACTION IN THE EVENT OF ANY CONDITIONS ARISING UNDER THE PREVIOUS ARTICLES.*

*THE TREATY IS FOR A PERIOD OF FIFTEEN YEARS.*

### NO WAR WITH SOVIET

*THE PROTOCOL PROVIDES THAT TURKEY SHALL NOT BE COMPELLED TO TAKE ACTION UNDER THE TREATY IF SUCH ACTION WOULD INVOLVE WAR WITH SOVIET RUSSIA.*

*—REUTER.*

### GREAT DIPLOMATIC VICTORY FOR ANKARA

(BY OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT).

The signing of the Agreement between Turkey, Britain and France, the terms of which are stated in the "Reuter's" cable above emphasizes the position of Turkey as a great European Power.

At their crucial juncture in Turkey's history after the Treaty of Severes and the Greek invasion that Masterman, Kemal Ataturk staked all and banded the Turkish people to reconquer a lost independence The lost independence was reconquered. The capitulations were removed. Turkey became the guardian of the Dardanelles again.

The critical situation that was developing in Europe with the Hitler menace getting out of control of Allied diplomacy and the military alliance between Nazi Germany and Fascist Italy, Britain and France sensed danger in the Near and Middle East and the Mediterranean. The importance of an agreement with Turkey was recognised. Side by side with the opening of talks at Moscow for a "Peace Front" alliance, negotiations were opened with Turkey. Tentative agreements were reached on the basis of mutual assistance with the East Mediterranean Power. Turkey in the bargain regained the Sanjak territory with Alexandretta which the French had gobbled up as a result of the Great War. Signatures were, however, not affixed then.

The failure of the Anglo-Soviet talks, the conclusion of the Soviet-German Pact, the German invasion of Poland and the war with Germany were followed by swift diplomatic moves at the Kremlin. The Baltic States came in for prompt attention and agreements have already been concluded between Russia and Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania. Agreement with Finland is pending, but is soon bound to materialise.

Turkey was also invited by the Soviet. M. Sarajoglu, the Ankara Foreign Minister, went to Moscow and was there for over two weeks. He returned to Ankara without concluding a pact with the Soviet. It was reported that he would meet M. Gafencu, the Bulgarian Foreign Minister, on the way. A later report announced that that engagement had been cancelled. This together with the fact that no new pact had been signed with the Soviet, led political speculations to conclude that the Turko-Soviet talks had broken down, that Ankara had rejected the Soviet proposals.

The Turkish Prime Minister also made a statement in which he said that "from the point of view of our security the guarantees offered us did not compensate for the obligations we were asked to incur in return. The Soviet demands were not considered compatible with Turkish policy. On the question of the Dardanelles, Turkey considered that it was essential that she should not bind herself to stipulations other than those provided under her international engagements of a general order."

This statement of the Premier led to conjectures in Western Europe and were acclaimed as a great diplomatic victory for Britain and France. But the protocol to the present Treaty provides that Turkey shall not be compelled to take action under the Treaty if such action would involve war with Soviet Russia."

The Treaty is a greet diplomatic victory for Ankara, in as much as it secures Turkey's independence and integrity against all possible dangers.

## BULGARIAN GOVT. RESIGNS

### New Cabinet May Demand Plenary Powers

SOFIA, Oct. 19.

**The Government resigned this morning.**

The King has entrusted Prime Minister Kiosseivanoff with the task of forming a new Cabinet.

It is reported the new Government may demand Plenary powers.—Reuter.

# Our Tabulated Adlets

## 1 Anna Per Word

## Minimum Re. 1

**CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS** are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

**SPECIAL REDUCTION** in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 p.c. on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

**STILL ONE MORE FACILITY** is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE", if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

**ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE** are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words --Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

**BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct** insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

### 42. SITUATIONS VACANT

**Wanted thoroughly experienced** Veterinary Doctor 100|125 outstations. Apply Box No. 12355 "Bombay Chronicle".

**Wanted Economics Honours Graduates** for Prohibition Research. Apply stating terms to Box No. 1223 "Bombay Chronicle."

**Wanted by a progressive and** well-established Life Insurance Company an Organising Secretary for the city of Bombay and Suburbs. Organising ability and business guarantee essential. Apply to Box No. 1207, "Bombay Chronicle."

**Wanted Experienced Stenographers** with good command of English for a well-established firm. Decent remuneration for the right man. Apply stating Terms with copies of Testimonials to Box. No. 12383, "Bombay Chronicle."

**Wanted two fully qualified registered** nurses and Midwives. Salary Rs. 50-2-60 with free quarters. Apply with copies of certificates and testimonials to the Honorary Secretary, Victoria Jubilee Dispensary Committee Ahmedabad. (1216)

**Wanted—Educated persons to** enrol as Actors and Actresses for the coming Pictures. Only real Artists need apply personally with recent Closeups and three Rupees Enrolment fee on Tuesday Thursday or Saturday between 4 and 6 P.M. to—Sharma Agency Reay House, Hornby Road (Opp. Lloyds Bank). (12378)

### 245. ASTROLOGERS.

**All questions regarding health,** marriage, service, business, trade monetary difficulties can be solved by Prof. Dhariwal, Fee Re. 1. 23, Apollo Hotel, Fort, Bombay. Time from 9 A.M. to 6 P.M. (12391)

### 347. LOANS AND MORTGAGES

**I want to lend Rs. one lac on** property in good locality in Bombay. See or write Kamdar Jivraj Devchand Jetparwala, Estate Broker, Ghatkopar. (12369)

### MOTOR DRIVING TUITION

**Motor Driving Taught within Fifteen** days on our car by Expert. Box No. 12387, "Bombay Chronicle."


## Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

| | Per column inch per insertion. |
|---|---|
| 1st Insertion | Rs. 7-8-0 |
| 2nd Insertion | Rs. 5-8-0 |
| 3rd and Subsequent Insertions | Rs. 4-8-0 |

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

**AHMEDABAD MUNICIPALITY.**

NOTICE.

IT IS HEREBY INFORMED that the date of 21-10-39 notified for opening the tenders of "Chlorination Plant" is extended to 30-11-39. The Tenderers are requested to submit their tenders so as to reach the undersigned on or before the due date at 4 P.M.

(Sd.) I. R. BHAGAT.
Chief Officer,
Ahmedabad Municipality.
Store Office,
Date. 17-10-1939.
(1231)

PUBLIC NOTICE.

THE PUBLIC ARE INFORMED that Routine Tests of the Sirens of the Air Raid Alarm System will be carried out at 9 a.m. every Monday until further notice.

THESE TESTS WILL COMMENCE WITH THE "ALL CLEAR" SIGNAL which is the continuous sounding of Sirens for 2 minutes.

A GENUINE ALARM WILL COMMENCE WITH THE "WARNING SIGNAL" which is an "up and down" wailing sound AND SHOULD BE ACTED UPON IMMEDIATELY.

TELEPHONE ALARM

TESTS of the Telephone Alarm System will be preceded by an announcement.

1218.

**THE INDIAN IRON AND STEEL COMPANY, LIMITED.**

NOTICE.

THE ADJOURNED ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of THE INDIAN IRON & STEEL COMPANY, LIMITED, will be held on THURSDAY, the 16th day of November, 1939, at 11 a.m. at the Registered Office of the Company, 12, Mission Row, Calcutta. The business proposed to be transacted at the adjourned meeting is as follows:—

(1) To adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st March, 1939;
(2) To declare a dividend;
(3) To elect Directors;
(4) To appoint Auditors and fix their remuneration.

By Order of the Board,
BURN & CO.,
Managing Agents.
Calcutta, 18th October, 1939.

NOTE:—It is proposed to pay dividends on or after the 16th November, 1939, to those shareholders whose names were on the Company's Register on the 27th September, 1939.
(1230)

**BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY**

NOTICE.

CONVERSION OF BASKET PRIVIES INTO WATER-CLOSETS.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED for the information of the Public that the Municipal Corporation have been pleased to sanction the payment of a subsidy at the rate of Rs. 60|- per privy seat on basket system converted into water-closet on full flushing system, subject to the condition that the work of conversion is carried out by the house owners to the satisfaction of the City Engineer within three months from the date of service of the notice under Section 248 of the Municipal Act. This subvention scheme applies to the recently sewered area of the northern part of the City of Bombay.

M. D. BHAT,
Municipal Commissioner,
For the City of Bombay.
Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 17th October, 1939.
(1232)

## Public Notices

BOMBAY MUSEUM.

ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSISTANT CURATOR.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of Assistant Curator of the Archaeological Section of the Prince of Wales Museum of Western India, Bombay, on a salary of Rs. 150-10-250. A high academic qualification not lower than an M.A. degree especially in ancient Indian culture or Archaeology and thorough knowledge of all branches of the Hindu Buddhistic Section, such as, Epigraphy, Iconography and Numismatics, are essential. Experience of museum management and original research work will be considered as an additional qualification. Age not to exceed 35 except in exceptional cases.

The selected applicant will be appointed on probation for one year and confirmed in the permanent post thereafter if found satisfactory. He will be entitled to the benefit of the Provident Fund of the Museum; and the Museum rules, mainly based on the rules followed by Government, in respect of leave, etc., will be applicable to him. Production of a medical certificate of physical fitness by the selected applicant will be a condition of the appointment.

Applications with copies of testimonials should be forwarded not later than 30th November, 1939, addressed to the CHAIRMAN, PRINCE OF WALES MUSEUM OF WESTERN INDIA, BOMBAY. 1190.

## Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. DOMINIC A. MIRANDA and Dr. C. Miranda have agreed to sell to our clients The Common Wealth Assurance Co., Ltd., the property described in the Schedule hereunder written.

All persons having any claim or demand whatsoever against or to the said property either by way of mortgage, gift, sale, trust, possession, inheritance, lease, lien shares, easements or otherwise however in the said property or any part thereof are hereby required to give notice thereof in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 14, Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay, within fourteen days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase shall be completed without any reference to any such claim or demand and the same shall be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground of the Pension and Tax Tenure, situate at Lady Jamshedji Road, containing by admeasurement 2876 square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 386, New Nos. 4145, 4162, New Survey No. 1|1288 and Cadastral Survey No. 215, Mahim Division together with the messuages tenements or dwelling houses standing thereon assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under G. Ward Nos. 3712(1), 3716 (1), 23, 24, 25, 3726 and Street Nos. 73, 77, 23, 24, 25 and 87 and which said premises are situated at Dadar in the Island of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and are bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the North by the property belonging to the executors of the late Tribhowandas Varjiwandas, on or towards the East by the Tulsi Pipe Road, on or towards the South by a Public passage and on or towards the West by a passage and beyond by Hansali Tank.

Dated this 20th day of October, 1939.

DIVEKAR & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(1229)


**EXCELSIOR**
4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
THE GREAT COMEDIAN
BOBBY HOWES
RETURNS IN HIS MUSICAL COMEDY DELIGHT:
**YES, MADAM**
WITH
DIANA CHURCHILL


## Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Messrs. HARGOVANDAS NATHALAL, AMRATLAL HARGOVANDAS and BACHUBHAI LAKSHMIDAS, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants, the Mortgagees have with the consent of the Mortgagor HARGOVANDAS NATHALAL contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our clients.

All persons having any claim, against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement, or otherwise howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at No. 78, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece of land containing an area of four hundred and one square yards or thereabouts, situate on and being Plot No. 89 of the Princess Street Estate of the said Board in the City and Island and Sub-Registration District of Bombay bounded on the East by Mangaldas Road, on the South-East by the land of the said Board laid out as a service passage, on the South-West by Plot No. 88 of the said estate, leased to Mathradas Vishram and Nensey Vishram and on the North-West by Vithaldas Road together with the building thereon and used as shops, offices, godowns and residences and which said premises were then in occupation of the said Lessee or his tenants and are assessed by the Municipality under C. Ward Nos. 1171, 1172, 1173 and 1178 to 1181, Street Nos. 17 to 21 (Odd Numbers inclusive) and Nos. 18 to 40 (even numbers inclusive) and which said piece of land thereby demised formed portions of land bearing New Survey Nos. 1719, 1720 and 1721 and now bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1017 of Bhuleshwar Division.

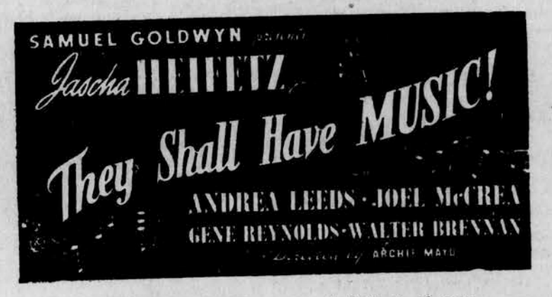
Dated this 19th day of October 1939.

CHOKSEY & CO.,
Purchasers' Attorneys.
(1233)


ENTERING THIRD WEEK
TO-MORROW AT
**WEST END**
DAILY: 3-45, 6-45 & 10 P.M.
GENERAL FILMS LTD.'S
**PATI-PATNI**
SHOBHANA SAMARTH, AMINA, R. WASTI & OTHERS!

**DIAMOND**
TALKIES
Sandhurst Road
Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 P.M.
NOW SHOWING
FIRST INSTALMENT—16 PARTS
**"FLYING G. MEN"**
Robert Paige, Richard Fiske, James Craig, Lorna Gray.
Blasting spies from the skies to bring you the greatest thrills on earth! It's a COLUMBIA Serial

**PATHE**
3-30, 6-30 & 10 P. M.
TO-DAY:
LAUREL & HARDY
COMEDY PROGRAMME
M.-G.-M. PICTURE

2ND WEEK

**NEW EMPIRE** 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
Free List Suspended


## TRADE UNIONS IN INDIA

### Women Membership On Increase

An increase in the number of registered unions to 420, coupled with an increase in total membership to 390,112, and an increase in the number of women members to 14,703—all highest figures yet recorded—these are some of the salient facts brought out in the latest note on the working of the Indian Trade Unions Act for 1937-38, just published by the Government of India.

Registration under the Act, with consequent submission of returns, is not compulsory. The Note is, therefore, confined to trade unions which are registered and have submitted returns.

3.8 per cent of the members of trade unions submitting returns were women, as compared with 3.4 per cent in the previous year.

LARGEST MEMBERSHIP IN RAILWAYS

The largest membership, nearly 158,000, was drawn from railway workers who had 57 unions. The next largest in any single group of industries, barring "miscellaneous"—nearly 69,500 was in 84 unions in the textile industry. Seamen, with nine unions, gave a membership of about 46,000. Docks and Port Trusts came next with 14 unions and a membership of about 16,000.

The total income of unions rose from over Rs. 4,75,000 to about Rs. 7,00,000, but the balance in hand fell from nearly Rs. 6,25,000 to Rs. 5,00,000. The total expenditure of all unions in India was about Rs. 8,00,000, of which Bengal unions spent about Rs. 4,50,000.

The average income per union was Rs. 2,022 and per member Rs. 1/12/5, as compared with Rs. 2,123 and Rs. 1/13/11 in 1936-37.

## HAND-MADE PAPER NEAR ALLAHABAD

### U. P. Government To Encourage Scheme

(From Our Correspondent)
ALLAHABAD, Oct. 17.

Mr. R. S. Pandit and Prof. Athavle of Government Technological Institute, Cawnpore are reported to have discovered the best suited place for the revival of hand-made paper industry near Allahabad. They paid a visit to Kara on the Ganges. Kara was, at one time the seat of King Jaichandra. It is inhabited by a class known as 'Kagzis' (paper makers). It has got tradition of paper-making. Forty families of 'kagzis' met the visitors and expressed a desire to revive paper-making by hand on a large scale. These Kagzis have pits built of stone and implements necessary for making hand-made paper. There is no dearth of raw material and labour. It is probable that U. P. Government might help any scheme which may be drafted by the Provincial Congress Committee for the manufacture of hand-made paper.

### Dacoity In Sangli State

SANGLI, Oct. 16.

A report is received here of a dacoity in Mangalwedha (the headquarters of a Taluka in Sangli State) on Friday night when about 25 dacoits broke into a wealthy Marwari's shop, fought a battle with a police party and scaped with goods worth over Rs. 1,000.

A police officer and some of the dacoits received injuries.

A police party has been sent to Mangalwedha from Sangli to investigate into the incident.—A. P.

### U. P. Political Conference

MUTTRA, (By Mail.)

Preparations in connection with the coming "U. P. Political Conference" are going on briskly. Work about the construction of Raja Mahendra Pratap Nagar will begin from the 29th Oct. and the same day will be held the flag hoisting ceremony.

A big statue of Raja Mahendra Pratap will be placed in the Pandal Chauk.

## GRAIN DEPOTS OPENED IN THANA

### Distribution Of Rice To Villagers

(From Our Correspondent)
DAHANU, Oct. 18.

At present there are in the hilly tracts of Dahanu Taluka 13 grain depots with about 200 Mudas of rice from which rice is given on loan to the villagers at 12½ per cent. interest. The villagers take advantage of this facility but the number of these depots is quite inadequate for the needs of the people. A very large number of them are disappointed and have to go to the Village Bania or the Saokar who extracts usurious interest from them.

The Thana District Rural Development Association has distributed 200 bags of rice to the villages of Wangaon, Nagzari and Gholvad groups the cost having been met from the amount of Rs. 2,500 which the Government has granted to this district for grain depots. A scheme has been prepared under which loans are granted at 12½ per cent. rate of interest, which is to be recovered in cash or kind when the next year's crop is harvested. The interest goes to liquidate the invested capital which is wiped off after 10 years when the debtor becomes a joint owner.

To begin with the depots are opened at Wangaon, Chinchni and Bavda and this year's experience has shown that these depots are meeting a keenly felt want especially of the lower strata of village population living from hand to mouth.

A largely attended meeting of the villagers of these groups was held in which this scheme of grain depots was explained to them by Messrs Kirtane, Takle, Patil, etc. They were told that this was only one of the many attempts for their welfare made by the present Congress Government.

## BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE

### Civil Appointments

Mr. T. E. Streatfield, I.C.S., to be on duty in the Office of the Secretary to the Governor from 30th September 1939 to 23rd October 1939.

Mr. Justice N. S. Lokur, officiating Judge of His Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay, is granted leave for six weeks from 16th October.

Mr. V. A. Telang to officiate as Revenue Assistant Commissioner, Southern Division.

Mr. E. R. Evans, I.C.S., to be Assistant Collector, Bijapur.

Mr. G. V. Vaidya to officiate as District Deputy Collector, Kanara.

Mr. E. S. B. Tavener is appointed to be Sylviculturist on his return from leave.

Mr. D. D. Bhansali, I.C.S., to be Registrar of Co-operative Societies and Director of Rural Development and ex-officio Joint Secretary to Government, Revenue Department.

Mr. S. M. Ikram, I.C.S., to be Deputy Registrar of Co-operative Societies.

Mr. M. V. Purandare to officiate as a Second Class, Second Grade, Subordinate Judge.

Mr. F. R. Ommanney to be D. S. P. Kolaba.

Khan Saheb N. N. Sadri to be Assistant to the Deputy Inspector-General of Police, C. I. D. (Crime Branch), vice Khan Bahadur D. D. Kothawala.

Mr. J. T. Tanner to be D.S.P. Ahmedabad.

Mr. A. E. Caffin to be Assistant to the Deputy Inspector-General of Police, C. I. D. (I.B.)

Mr. J. Hobson to be D. S. P. West Khandesh.

Mr. A. E. Davies to be Assistant Superintendent of Police, G. I. P. and M. & S. M. Railway.

Mr. J. H. Hammond to be Deputy Superintendent of Police, Poona.

Mr. H. E. Butler to be Assistant to the Inspector General of Police.

Mr. C. M. S. Yates to be D. S. P. Satara.

Mr. B. H. Taylor to be D. S. P. Ratnagiri.

Mr. C. W. E. U'ren, to be D.S.P. East Khandesh, vice Mr. J. S. Bharucha.

Services of Messrs. A. W. Pryde and C. H. de V. Moss, and of Mr. J. S. Bharucha, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Sind.

Mr. K. J. Nanavatty, to be D. S. P. Dharwar.

Services of Mr. N. S. Gurtu, have been placed at the disposal of the Government of India.

Mr. V. V. Patankar, B.S.E., Officiating Executive Engineer, Khandesh Division, to retire from Government service from the 1st November 1939.

LUCKNOW—As German drugs are almost impossible to obtain, all medical practitioners are requested in their own interests as well as for the benefit of the public to refrain from prescribing German drugs except in cases of absolute necessity, says a Press note issued by the U. P. Government.

## RENEWAL OF LIQUOR PERMITS

### Prof. Davar's Suggestions For Amending Present Procedure

With regard to the difficulties in renewing permits granted on ground of health to Indians, it is understood that Prof. Sohrab R. Davar had a lengthy interview with the Hon. Dr. Gilder, Minister for Health, and as a result has addressed to him a lengthy communication suggesting amendments in the present procedure followed by the department. The amendments suggested with a view to remove hardship and the consequent resentment and injustice to a large number of cases are the following:—

(1) In case of those over sixty (whose cases according to your statement in our aforesaid conversation, were to be considered as cases deserving most concessional and liberal treatment) they should be interviewed by the Commissioner of Excise only and in extreme cases where necessary as was done when original permits were granted and renewal of permits should be in their cases more or less a formal affair unless some serious irregularity has been discovered;

(2) That in case of those under sixty whose cases have to be examined they should be placed before the Medical Board provided there is a good reason for doing so and under no circumstances the matter may be left to the discretion of a single physician, whether the Secretary of the Medical Board or otherwise;

(3) That the medical men who form the Board should be selected from those who belong to that school of thought in the Medical profession who like our King's physician Lord Dawson of Pen believe in the efficiency of the use of alcohol for medical and health purposes and not those who are strongly prejudiced against use of alcohol in all shape or form in order to arrive at an unbiased decision as far as possible on each case referred to them;

RESTRICTION OF ENQUIRY

(4) That in course of enquiry the medical gentlemen concerned should be restricted or confined to questions on health only and irritating or annoying questions such as enquiring the income of the applicant or moralising to him as to the ethics on the use of alcohol should be strictly prohibited in such purely medical and health inquiries;

(5) When the applicant is examined before the Medical Board, he should be permitted, if he so desires, to offer his own physician who has given the aforesaid certificate as an expert witness so that the Board may have the benefit of knowing the constitutional or other reasons which have impelled the physician concerned to grant such a certificate as the last named has a long personal experience of his own patient. The patient as a layman frequently gets puzzled when asked technical questions and may naturally give erroneous answers. The Hon'ble Dr. Gilder, it is understood, has forwarded this letter and suggestions as to amendments to the present procedure to the department for report. The Hon'ble Prime-Minister to whom a copy was sent has also promised that the same will receive his careful consideration.

## *HUNGER-STRIKE IN KOLHAPUR*

(From Our Correspondent.)
KOLHAPUR, Oct. 17.

The following Press note is sent by the Durbar for publication:

With reference to a report appearing in some of the Marathi Newspapers to the effect that certain political prisoners in the Kolhapur Central Jail have gone on hunger-strike, I am in a position to state that only one political prisoner named Hawire did go on hunger-strike a few days ago. He gave up the fast on the Jail Superintendent assuring him that his grievances, if they are just and reasonable, would receive consideration at the hands of the authorities concerned.

COUNCIL OF LEGAL EDUCATION ABOLISHED.

The Prime Minister of Kolhapur has issued the following notification No. 23 of the general department in the State Gazette, saying "The Sykes Low College Kolhapur, until now conducted under the management of the Council of Legal Education, Kolhapur, has, as from the 1st of October 1939, been taken over by the Darbar under its direct control as a State institution, and the Council of Legal Education has been abolished.

KOLHAPUR'S CONTRIBUTION TO WAR.

His Highness the Chhatrapati Maharaja Saheb of Kolhapur, has further offered to raise a regiment of Maratha infantry of between 800 and 1000 men for war services either in India or overseas.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 17 April, 2017

# On The Air

## OCTOBER 20

### Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

8-0 a. m. Recitation from Quran. 8-15 Naat-i-Rusool. 8-20 Qawwali by K. A. Dehlvi. 9-0 Thumri Jogia on Sarangi. 9-5 Rafiqabai. 9-20 G. Fareed. 9-40 Aziz. 9-45 Ramzan Khan. 10-0 K. A. Dehelvi. 10-20 Rafiqabai. 11-30 Maarfat.

1-0 p. m. Rhythm. 1-33 Rhythm. 5-0 Qawwali & Naats. 5-30 Sarangi. 5-40 London Palladium Orchestra. 5-53 New Mayfair Novelty Orchestra. 6-10 Radio Orchestra. 6-15 India as they read it, (H.) 6-30 Ramzan Khan. 6-50 Qawwali. 7-0 Rafiqabai. 7-15 Malari on Clarionet. 7-20 H. Shah. 7-30 For Villagers. 8-15 R. A. Dehelvi & Party. 8-35 Geet Recital. 8-50 Rafiqabai. 9-45 Ghazal. 10-15 Ramzan Khan.

### Delhi II—Programme

31.3 metres (9,590 kc/s)

8-0 to 10-30 & 11-30 a. m. to 2-0 p. m. As in Delhi 1.

60.48 metres (4,960 kc/s)

5-0 to 6-30 p. m. As in Delhi 1. 6-30 Hamida Shah. 6-45 Tak Dhum Kit. 6-50 G. Farid. 7-0 R. A. Dehelvi.. 7-20 Jaijaiwanti on Sarangi. 7-30 Ramzan Khan. 7-45 Rafiqabai. 8-15 to 9-45 As in Delhi 1. 9-45 For connoisseur.

### Delhi III—Programme

19.62 metres (15,290 kc/s.)

8-40 to 9-0 & 9-10 to 10-30 & 11-30 a. m. to 3-0 p. m. As in Delhi 1.

31.3 metres (9,590 kc/s.)

5-45 to 7-0 & 9-0 to 10-30 p. m. As in Delhi 1.

### Luhore Programme

276 metres (1,086 kc/s.)

6-0 a. m. Music (L). 9-0 Music (L) 1-0 p. m. Records. 6-10 Peenu Ke Geet. 6-30 For Countryside. 7-0 Sham Ke Rag. 7-15 K. S. Chawla. 7-25 R. L. Bhatnagar. 7-45 Heerabai. 8-0 Ramzan-ul-Mubarak (H.) 8-15 Roshan Lal Bhatnagar. 8-35 Violin. 8-40 Heerabai. 9-45 Music (E.) 10-0 Byrne's Orchestra.

### Bombay I—Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s.)

8-0 a. m. Keep Fit! 8-10 Naghme. 8-15 News (M.) 8-20 News (G.) 8-25 Mahfil-I-Qawwali. 8-40 News (H.) 8-50 News (E.) 9-0 Kumar Gandharv. 9-20 Radio Orchestra. 9-30 Vasanti. 9-40 Tarabai Gadagkar.

12-30 p. m. Naats. 12-40 Qawwalis. 12-50 Ghazals. 12-57 News (H.) 1-0 Duets. 1-10 Mutual Understanding. 1-25 Bhavnani Production. 1-30 News (E.) 1-35 Music. 5-0 Naats 5-15 Kamala Jharia. 5-25 News (M.) 5-30 News. (G.) 5-35 M. Qawwal 6-0 News (E.) 6-5 News (H.) 6-10 Durga Ashtmi 6-30 Clarionet Solos. 6-40 Variety. 7-0 Guard your Frontiers (G.) Dance by Dr. D. G. Vyas. 7-15 Naticha Navra (M.) by M. G. Ranganekar. 7-35 Com. News. 7-45 Abdulrehman. 7-55 News (M.) 8-10 News (G.) 8 25 Abdulrehman. 8-30 New Books. 8-45 Manibai Manji. 8-55 Talk of Town. 9-0 News (H.) 9-20 News (E.) 9-45 Divya Jyoti. 10-30 News.

### Bombay II—Programme

31.4 metres (9,550 kc/s.)

8-0 to 10-0 a. m. & 12-30 to 2-30 p. m. As in Bombay 1.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s.)

5-0 to 6-10 p. m. As in Bombay 1. 6-10 For Children. (E.) 7-0 to 9-30 As in Bombay 1. 9-30 Introduction. 9-35 Julia Wortmann. 9-45 Aurora Saldanha: Mezzo Soprano. 9-55 Richard Crooks: Tenor. 10-0 A I R Nonette. 10-30 News.

### Calcutta I—Programme

(Add 24 minutes for Calcutta time.)

370.4 metres (810 kc/s)

8-40 a. m. Amiya Adhjkari. 9-20 L. M. Mukherjee. 10-30 Music of Countryside. 11-15 Reading from Quran..

12-30 p. m. Boston Promenade Orchestra. 1-30 Listeners' Selection. 2-17 Three more songs. 5-0 For Children. 5-45 For Children. 6-5 For Children. 6-40 Cocktail Time. 6-45 Shri-Durga. 9-0 Four More Songs. 9-45 Pulin Pal. 10-0 Ashalata Roy. 10-10 Kalipada Pathak.

### Calcutta II—Programme

31.48 metres (9,530 kc/s.)

8-30 to 9-30 & 10-30 to 11-30 a. m. & 12-30 to 2-30 p. m. As in Calcutta 1.

61.98 metres (4,840 kc/s.)

5-0 to 7-30 As in Calcutta 1. 7-30 Animesh Mullick. 7-45 Renu Bose. 8-0 R. M. Bose. 8-15 Phani Sen. 8-30 P. Ch. Brahmachari. 8-45 Bibhutj Dutt. 9-5 Ashalata Roy. 9-15 Satyendra Nath Sen. 9-30 Mahapuja.

### Madras I—Programme

211 metres (1,420 kc/s.)

7-30 a. m. Late Veena Dhanammal. 8-10 Feminine Celebrities. 8-40 Jayaprada.

1-0 p. m. C. P. Ratnavelu Mudaliar. 1-35 C. P. R. Mudaliar: Flute 2-0 High School Educational Broadcasts. 2-5 Astronomy: The Milky Way by A. V. V. Krishna Rao. 2-30 Music. 4-0 Children's Educational Broadcasts. 4-30 Music (E.) 5-0 Carnatic Orchestra. 5-20 Shrimati R. Kalpakam & R. Visalakshi: Voices. 6-5 Gottuvadym Mayamalavagaula and Khamaj. 6-20 Reading from Kambaramayanam. 6-35 Gotavadyam Surati. 6-45 K. V. Rao: Jalatarang 7-0 Winnowing Fan. 7-50 Navaratri Pooja. (Malayalam). 8-50 Veena. Nilambari 9-0 Under 25 Club. 9-45 V. K. Raghava Menon: Voice.

### Madras II—Programme

31.35 metres (9,570 kc/s.)

7-30 to 9-0 a. m. & 1-0 to 2-30 p. m. As in Madras 1.

60.98 metres (4,920 kc/s.

4-0 As in Madras 1. 6-5 Patnapu Alludu (T.) 6-20 Light AIRS. 6-25 Diseases of Udder (T.) 6-35 Film Geets. 9-30 Symphony Concert.

### Hyderabad Programme

411 metres (730 kc/s)

9-30 p. m. Extracts from Urdu Classics.

## RAILWAY TIME-TABLE

### G. I. P. RAILWAY.

| | H. M. | H. M. |
|---|---|---|
| Calcutta Mail (Chheoki) .... | 9 40 | 20 10 |
| Madras Mail ..... | 6 00 | 22 00 |
| Peshawar Lucknow (Express.) .. | 6 15 | 22 30 |
| Calcutta Mail (Nagpur) ..... | 9 10 | 17 40 |
| Madras Express ..... | 10 15 | 14 25 |
| Poona Mail ..... | 10 30 | 17 30 |
| Punjab Mail ..... | 12 36 | 17 20 |
| Nagpur Express ..... | 15 0 | 20 55 |
| Poona Fast Pass ..... | 16 50 | 11 50 |
| Poona Express ..... | 19 32 | 8 05 |
| Allahabad Express ..... | 21 0 | 6 15 |
| Deccan Queen (on Fridays only) .. | | 17 15 |
| Deccan Queen (on Mondays only) | 10 35 | |
| | | 6 40 |

### B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

| | Arr. H. M. | Dep. H. M. |
|---|---|---|
| Ahmedabad Passenger ..... | 5 35 | 13 50 |
| Delhi Express ..... | 6 00 | 22 15 |
| Gujarat Mail ..... | 7 25 | 22 00 |
| Kathiawar Mail ..... | 6-45 | 21 30 |
| Kathiawar Mail ..... | 6-45 | 21 30 |
| Frontier Mail ..... | 8 15 (Mon). | 21 15 (Sat.) |
| *The Flying Ranee Surat . | 9 45 | 15 15 |
| The Flying Ranee Surat ... | 10 58 | 18 05 |
| Ahmedabad Passenger .... | 14 15 | 22 30 |
| Kathiawr Express ..... | 18 45 | 8 45 |

*If Monday is a Bank Holiday, this train will run on Tuesday.

ARRIVALS AT BALLARD PIER.

| | Arr. |
|---|---|
| Frontier Mail (on Saturday only from London) | 8-40 |

# Long Liquidation Of December Cotton

## WAL-STREET BUYING DISTANT MONTHS

### Continuance Of Holding Movement

Bombay, Oct. 19.

Hedging on the New York cotton market was light despite the ideal weather reflecting the continuance of the holding movement

The market opened steady. There was trade buying in nears which Commission houses liquidation of December delivery. There was foreign and Wall Street buying of distants in response to European developments and improved demand for cotton goods.

Although cotton prices continue to rule very steady and despite Wall Street buying, there is no improvement of any importance. It is said that the holding movement in the South is gaining strength but it is also believed that the Autumn improvement in general trade is about to reach peak and there seems no move to push up prices. European developments and peace efforts both are exerting their influences and at the moment speculative incentive remains restricted

WEEKLY WEATHER

Weather was fair generally permitting uninterrupted field work. Picking has made good to excellent progress and is now largely completed except in some later Northern districts. In Texas rains came too late to make much of top crop.

NEW YORK MARKET

The New York cotton market opened at a rise of 2 points with December quoted 8.99. There was moderate buying and prices soon advanced further 3 points and December was quoted 9.02 which was the highest level. Later on there was increased selling and prices declined 10 points from the highest level and December was quoted at 8.92 which was the lowest level. Near months were quiet but distants improved. The market closed at a decline of 3 points to a rise of 5 points. Spot cotton prices closed unchanged at 9.22c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was also irregular with liquidation in near months. The market closed at a decline of 3 points to a rise of 3 points. Spot cotton prices closed 4 points down at 9.05c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton market opened at a rise of 3 points with January 5.68. The market was dull. There was local and Bombay buying. Contracts were scarce. Hedging was unseasonably light. Later trade buying was met by hedging. The market closed at a rise of 1 to 3 points Middling American spot cotton prices advanced 3 points at 6.33d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Egyptian cotton market was quiet with scattered selling. Giza futures closed 8 to 6 points down and Uppers closed one point up to one point lower. The Alexandria cotton market was quietly steady. Sakels futures advanced 5 to 8 points and Ashmouni futures gained 1 to 8 points.

PRIVATE CABLES

| | |
|---|---|
| N Y. December Highest (10-5 a.m) ..... | 9.02+05 |
| N Y. Decemner Lowest (2-40 p m.) ..... | 8.92—05 |
| Liverpool October Highest ..... | 5.79+05 |
| Liverpool October Lowest ..... | 5.75+07 |

Messrs. Kalyanji and Co., have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

New York. Trade and foreign buying distants met December liquidation. There was fair demand in cotton goods market.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co., Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

New York. Hedging, Liquidation December. Trade buyin distants. Producers unwilling sellers

## NEW YORK COTTON

### New Contracts

New York, Oct. 18.

| | |
|---|---|
| DECEMBER ..... | 9.16—02 |
| JANUARY ..... | 0.96 |
| MARCH ..... | 8.96+01 |
| MAY ..... | 8.85+05 |
| JULY ..... | 8.68+06 |
| OCTOBER ..... | 8.32 |

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Oct. 18.

| | |
|---|---|
| December ..... | 8.94—03 |
| January ..... | 8.90—01 |
| March ..... | 8.80 |
| May ..... | 8.67+03 |
| July ..... | 8.49+05 |
| Middling spot ..... | 9.22 |

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, Oct. 18.

| | |
|---|---|
| December ..... | 9.05—03 |
| January ..... | 8.98+01 |
| March ..... | 8.90+03 |
| Middling spot ..... | 9.05—04 |

NEW YORK

New York, Oct. 18.

11 a.m. Rates.

| | |
|---|---|
| December ..... | 8.98 |
| March ..... | 8.81 |
| May ..... | 8.68 |
| Noon Call. | |
| December ..... | 8.99 |
| March ..... | 8.83 |
| May ..... | 8.70 |

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, Oct. 18.

| | Bales. |
|---|---|
| Day's receipts at all U.S. Ports | 20,000 |
| Day's exports to Great Britain | 12,000 |
| Day's exports to the Continent | 4,000 |
| Day's exports to China and Japan | 7,000 |

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Oct. 18.

| | |
|---|---|
| October ..... | 5.75+01 |
| November ..... | 5.65 |
| December ..... | 5.66+02 |
| January ..... | 5.67+02 |
| February ..... | 5.67+03 |
| March ..... | 5.67+03 |
| April ..... | 5.66+03 |
| May ..... | 5.65+02 |
| June ..... | 5.64+02 |
| July ..... | 5.63+02 |
| August ..... | 5.60+01 |
| September ..... | 5.58+01 |
| October ..... | 5.56+01 |
| Middling spot ..... | 6.33+03 |
| 11-12 a.m. quotations. | |
| January ..... | 5.68 |
| Mach ..... | 5.68 |

## EXPORT ENQUIRY FOR YARN

Bombay, Oct. 18.

As anticipated by the political observers all over the world the reply of the French and English Prime Ministers to Herr Hitler's speech was a definite 'no' to his so called "Peace Proposals" and as a result a great deal of uncertainty has been removed and everybody is inclined to believe that the War is likely to continue at least for some time to come. This has naturally produced a better feeling in all markets during the earlier part of the week but towards the close once again a reaction has set in all markets and the yarn market has not been free from it. During the week under review there have been only moderate fluctuations in prices of all kinds of yarns and in case of Indian yarns the fluctuations have been rather very narrow. The cotton market however has remained very irregular and erratic with violent fluctuations during the week with an uncertain tendency at the close. This had naturally a somewhat unfavourable effect on yarn market where prices have remained rather uncertain and irregular with a steady tendency at the close. Reports from consuming districts are not yet hopeful and it is reported from almost everywhere that in the absence of satisfactory demand for the last several days prices have tended to decline further. The speculative buying which was in evidence soon after the beginning of War has now been slowing down and some of the weakholders have been trying to liquidate their holdings at market rates. As regards the export markets, enquiries have increased from Far Eastern centres such as Hongkong, Singapore, Penang, Java and various other markets but very little business has been arranged in spite of several exchanges of cables most of which have proved to be of a price testing nature. The future tendency will mostly depend upon the cotton prices as well as on the improvement in demand from consuming centres.

ENGLISH YARNS.

Stocks of English yarns are practically nil and fresh business is quite impossible on account of wide disparity in prices.

JAPANESE AND SHANGHAI YARNS

There has been a restricted turnover in almost all Japanese and Shanghai yarns both in ready and in forward deliveries during the week. Prices have remained rather irregular and uncertain with a steady tendency at the close. Japanese and Shanghai spinners have not yet reduced their prices to any extent whereas the prices quoted in the local market are considerably below the replacing costs. A wide disparity has therefore been existing in both Japanese and Shanghai yarns for the last several days and naturally therefore no fresh forward business of importance has been possible after the outbreak of War. Speculative turnover in Mercerised yarns has considerably declined but prices have fluctuated very heavily during the week. Arrivals by incoming steamers are now not very large but owing to lack of confidence offtake does not show any improvement as yet. Japanese Exchange has remained unchanged.

ARTIFICIAL SILK YARNS.

Italian Syndicate prices have remained unchanged during the week Sales of Italian yarns have considerably fallen off on account of higher prices and also due to absence of suitable qualities and deniers. Stocks of Italian yarns in consuming districts have been now getting reduced and it is very likely that consumers will be inclined to make fresh purchases in the next few days. As regards Japanese yarns prices have remained very steady with a slightly better tendency at the close. Fresh forward business with Japan is very restricted on account of much higher prices quoted by Japanese spinners. The future outlook is hopeful.

INDIAN YARNS.

Turnover during the week on the Bombay Yarn Exchange Ltd., has remained very satisfactory. Prices have fluctuated within a narrow range and at the close there has been a further decline to the extent of Rs. 2 per bale both in 10 1/2s and 20 1/2s. The local mills have not been able to make any sales of importance either for ready or for forward deliveries on account of disparity in prices. The future tendency continues to remain uncertain.

## SUGAR SITUATION HEALTHY

JAVA SUGAR

Bombay, Oct. 18.

Since our last review local market for Java Sugar continued to remain very firm both for ready and forward with upward tendency due to demand for transhipment and some enquiry from Out Ports for October/December shipments at every advance in prices. On the whole there has been a rise of about Rs. 1-2-0 in ready and ex Bond and also October/December shipments. Java market has in the meantime remained very firm with no offerings for sale. On the contrary some of the Exporters in Java were prepared to repurchase their contracts but business was not possible as the local prices were much higher than those offered by Java Exporters. Locally there was further good demand for transhipment mostly for Aden and the Suez and considerable business was booked by the local dealers either ex Bond or from arrivals at increased rates It is estimated that since the War, business has been done in Bombay of over 20,000 tons for transhipment to various destinations outside India of which about 5000 tons are already shipped and the remainder will be shipped within next few days. At the close tone of the market was somewhat easy for ready due to absence of demand from Out Ports at present rates while forward positions were firm as there was no possibility of fresh business as prices ruling in Java were very high due to difficulties about freights, exchange etc.

INDIAN SUGAR.

Ready quotations are nominal. Owing to big advance in Java sugar, there were enquiries for sale of Indian sugar and it is understood that some business has already been booked for Bombay on the basis of Rs. 17-0-0 per cwt. ex-godown in Bombay. It is likely that further business will be booked both for old and new crop as a large portion of present Java stocks is already sold for Export and chances for fresh business are nil. Cawnpore and Calcutta markets are steady to firm. Owing to big advance in Java sugar, there are enquiries for Indian sugar from Bombay which is likely to continue as long as prices of Java sugar remain so high.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

On the New York Terminal market, there is a decline of 8, 7, and 7 points in January, March and May respectively. Java market was reported firm with a further advance in second hand limits. There were some enquiries for cancellations from India which were higher than those offered by Java Exporters.

CALCUTTA AND KARACHI

Owing to sharp advance in price of Java sugar in Bombay, both Calcutta and Karachi markets ruled firmer with advance of 8 to 12 annas per cwt. As regards Indian sugar, prices remained steady. Some business was done in Calcutta for Indian sugar deliveries January, March 1940 on the basis of Rs. 10-12-0 to Rs. 11-0-0 per md. F.O.R. factory. Tone was very steady.

JAVA EXPORTS.

During September 1939 were preliminarily estimated at 2,13,000 tons a figure not seen for many years.

INTERNATIONAL SUGAR COUNCIL.

Although no definite news is to hand, the agreement has been terminated due to War and it is rumoured that Cuba is going to produce unlimited quantities forthwith.

GENERAL

In view of very considerable advance in prices of Java sugar during last few days, it is but natural that market may temporarily react with small decline in the present prices before there is further advance in prices. On the whole situation is quite healthy as long as Java market remains so high with hardly any chance of decline in near future.

## BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Oct. 19.

Following decline of 3 points in New York cotton futures, the local market was expected to open at Rs. 198 for Broach A/M. delivery but in view of nervousness regarding local political situation, the market opened quiet at Rs. 196 and improved to Rs. 197. At this level there was heavy selling and prices declined to Rs. 194/8 but later rallied to Rs. 195/4. The market was easy.

Later on there was scattered buying and the market was steady. Liverpool opened at a decline of 3 points and prices in the market were quoted at Rs. 196 for Broach A/M. delivery. The market closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

| | |
|---|---|
| F.G.M.G. Broach A/May Rs. | 196 0 0 |
| Fine M. G. Oomra D/Jan. ... | 182 12 0 |
| Fine F. G. Oomra March ..... | 182 0 0 |
| F.G.M.G. Bengal D/Jan. ..... | 145 12 0 |

## COTTON ROOM RATES

Bombay, Oct. 19.

| | Sup Fine | RG. Good |
|---|---|---|
| M.G. Bengal U.P. | 152 149 | 146 143 |

### Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, Oct. 19.

| | | Nov. | Dec. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Bengal Fine | 144/46 | + 4 | + 3 |
| Bengal F.G. | 142/44 | | |
| C. P. 1 | 193/95 | +17 | +14 |
| C. P. 2 | 191/93 | +13 | +10 |
| Berar | 188/91 | +11 | + 5 |
| Khandesh | 184/87 | | |
| Jalna/Sailu | 184/87 | | |
| Khandwa | 188/91 | | |
| Broach | 202/04 | | |
| Sindh N.T. (New crop) | 236/38 | | |

### Alexandria Cotton

Alexandria, Oct. 18.

Sakel: November 13.33+05; January 13.60+08.

Giza: November 12.25+08; January 12.55+04

Ashmouni: October 10.53+08; December 10.70+04.

## EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool, Oct. 18.

Giza 2: Spot 7.62; October 6.97; November 7.02; January 7.14; March 7.24; May 7.31; July 7.33.

Uppers: Spot 7.17; October 6.63; November 6.63; January 6.46; March 6.46; May 6.45; July 6.44.

## HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Oct. 18.

Broach A/M highest 203; lowest 199; closing 199 1/4

Oomra D/J. highest 189 1/4; lowest 185 3/4; closing 185 3/4

Oomra March highest 188 1/2; lowest 185; closing 185

Bengal D/J highest 150 1/2; lowest 149 1/4; closing 148 3/4

Night session: Broach A/M. opened Rs. 197 1/2; highest Rs. 199; lowest Rs. 197; closed Rs. 198 1/4.

## SUGAR MARKET

Bombay, Oct. 19.

Fine White Java sugar:—

| | Rs. | a. | p. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Ready (Small Grain) per cwt. | 17 | 8 | 0 |
| Ready (Large Grain) per cwt | 17 | 10 | 0 |
| Shipment Sept per cwt. F.B.H. | 8 | 4 | 0 |
| Shipment Oct. per cwt. F.B.H. | 8 | 8 | 0 |
| Shipment Nov. per cwt. F.B.H. | 8 | 12 | 0 |
| Shipment Dec. per cwt. F.B.H. | 8 | 14 | 0 |

Tone:—Steady.

## GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Oct. 19.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 85/4

3 1/2 per cent G P Notes (Cash) 84/4 nominal.

3 per cent 1951/54 Loan 86

3 per cent 1941 Bonds 89/4

3 per cent 1963/65 Loan 82

3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan 93/6

4 per cent 1943 Bonds 100/4

4 per cent 1960/70 95/10

4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan 100/4

5 per cent 1940-43 Loan 101/12

TAXFREE LOANS

per cent 1945/55 Loan 107/4

4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore Loan 103/0

5 per cent 1955 Mysore Loan 110

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 per cent B P T 1974 93

4 per cent M Deb 1974 93

5 per cent M Deb 1959 101

5 per cent M Deb 1954 114

5 per cent K P T 1956 114

## MONEY MARKETS

Bombay, Oct. 19.

B C RATES—

T T D 1/5 15/16

LONDON—

Bank's selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 One month

Bank's selling T T D D 1/6 Two months

Bank's buying T T 1/6 1/32 One month

Bank's buying D D 1/6 1/8

Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 11/32 One month

Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 13/32 Two months

NEW YORK—

Bank's selling T T 334

Bank's buying T T 327

Bank's buying D D 326

PARIS—

Bank's selling T T 1,290

Bank's buying T T 1 345

JAPAN—

Bank's selling T T 78 3/4

Bank's buying T T 77 1/2

Bank's buying 60 days 76 3/

AMSTERDAM—

Bank's selling D D 55

JAVA—

Bank's selling D D 54 1/4

HONGKONG—

Bank's selling D D 84 1/2

SHANGHAI—

Bank's selling D D 28 3/8

SINGAPORE—

Bank's selling D D 157 3/4

BERLIN—

Bank's selling D D —

CROSS RATE—

Hongkong/London 1/3 1/32 19th inst.

Shanghai/London 0/5 19th inst.

Japan/London 1/2 1/32 19th inst.

Java/London 7.40/47 19th inst.

New York/London 4.00 18th inst.

London/New York 4.02/4 18th inst.

London/Paris 176.40 18th inst.

London/Italy 78.50 18th inst.

London/Belgium 23.80/24.00 18th inst.

London/Switzerland 17.78/93 18th inst.

London/Stockholm 16.75/95 18th inst.

London/Amsterdam 7.50/57 18th inst.

London/Berlin — 18th inst.

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady, Dull.

Gold £8-8-0 17th inst.

Gold £8-8-0 18th inst.

Silver London Ready 23 1/16 17th inst.

Silver London Ready 22 15/16 18th inst.

Silver London Forward 22 7/16 17th inst.

Silver London Forward 22 3/16 18th inst.

Silver New York Ready 36 17th inst.

Silver New York Ready 36 18th inst.

London Discounts 3 months 2 per cent 17th inst.

London Discounts 3 months 2 per cent 18th inst.

London Discounts 6 months 2 3/4 per cent 17th inst.

London Discounts 6 months 2 5/8 per cent 18th inst.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.

Bank of England Rate 3 per cent.

Money:—Call 1/2 per cent.

3 months 2 per cent.

6 months 2 per cent.

Tone:—Steady.

## GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, Oct. 19.

Yesterday London gold was unchanged at £8-8-0. London Paris Exchange rate was 176 to 177. Dollar sterling cross rate was 4.02 to 4.04 at London and 4.00 at New York. London silver prices declined 1/8d. at 22 15/16d. for spot and forward quotation was lowered 1/4d. at 22 3/16d. There was little general selling, and small bear covering. Later on the market was steady. New York spot silver was unchanged at 36 cents per lb. The local market was nervous with moderate long liquidation and silver A/M declining to Rs. 58/8 rallied to Rs. 59. Gold also after declining to Rs. 41/6 improved to Rs. 41/7. Quotations were as under:

| | GOLD | SILVER |
|---|---|---|
| Ready | 41 7 6 | 58 14 0 |
| Aso | 41 7 0 | 59 0 0 |
| Kartak | 41 7 6 | 59 4 0 |

LONDON SILVER

London, Oct. 18.

Spot 22 15/16; Forward 22 3/16.

LONDON GOLD

London, Oct. 18.

Gold bars fine per oz £8/8/0.

### American Cotton Figures

| F.P. Bales | 1939-40 | 1938-39 |
|---|---|---|
| Receipts to date 18-10-39 | 2384000 | 1844000 |
| Receipts Yesterday 18-10-39 | 20000 | 27000 |
| Exports to date 18-10-39 | 1312000 | 925000 |
| Stock at Ports 13-10-39 | 2815000 | 3080000 |
| Stock at Interior Towns 13-10-39 | 3260000 | 3106000 |
| Stock at Liverpool 13-10-39 | — | 1143000 |
| Visible Supply 13-10-39 | — | 7502000 |
| Quantity in sight 13-10-39 | 4226000 | 3803000 |
| Quantity out of sight 13-10-39 | — | 1936000 |

LONDON SEEDS

London, Oct. 18.

Rozario Santa Fe Oct/Nov. 20/6; South Australian Oct/Nov. 21/3.

LONDON RUBBER

London, Oct. 18.

Smoked sheets standard ribbed per lb. sellers 10 9/16.

# Nervous Long Liquidation On Stock Exchange

## GENERAL DECLINE IN LEADING SHARES

### Market Hesitant Without Support

Bombay, Oct. 19.

The clouded Indian political situation resulted in fairly active unloading on the local Stock Exchange with marked nervousness. The decline was general and pending the clarification, hesitant feeling is bound to have depressing effect.

Judging the situation as it is now, there is more disposition to await the decision of the Congress Working Committee and till then the support is likely to remain feeble except some short covering after sharp recessions.

While the recent intensification of the conflict in Europe has seemingly scuttled chances for peace, Wall Street traders were somewhat confused by foreign news including the possibility of mediation moves from Stockholm and, despite the firm opening, subsequent persistent profit-taking in War babies resulted in fractionally irregular movements with some resistance noted here and there. In the meanwhile industrial news continues to be powerful source of strength, although some suggest that the peak of Autumn expansion is approaching. U.S. Steel Shares closed 1 1/4 down at 77 1/2. Anaconda copper Mining shares lost 1/2 at 34 1/4 and general motors eased off 3/8 at 54 1/2 dollars.

Soon after the break out of the European conflict, when prices reached extreme high levels, it was warned that Rome was not built in a day and to-day those who were over anvious are now losing confidence. There was persistent selling in all sections and the market in the absence of any support, displayed tired appearance.

Tata Steel Dfds opened at Rs. 1685 and improved to Rs. 1695 under scattered buying. Later on there was nervous unloading and prices declined to Rs. 1667 and finally closed at Rs. 1675 Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 340 and after advancing to Rs. 342 declined to Rs. 337 and closed at Rs. 338/8. Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 875 and after declining to Rs. 865 closed at Rs.875 Associated Cements declined to Rs. 132 and Burmas eased off to Rs. 517.

### ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.

BOMBAY, Oct. 19.

Bombay Dyeing (892/8) 875, 880, 872, 873, 865, 873, 875

Century (267) 258, 261, 257, 258

Central India (276) 268, 269, 264, 265/8

Kohinoor (305) 297, 300, 296, 298/8

New Great (266) 258, 253, 255, 254, 256

Simplex (95) 92, 90/8, 92

Swadeshi (265) 258, 256, 254, 255, 254/8

Associated Cement (134) 132/12, 132, 132/12, 131/12, 132/4, 132

Andhra (1385) 1385

Tram Ord. (122/4) X.D. 119/8, 120

Tata Hydro (144/8) 144/8

Tata Power (1225) 1225, 1221, 1220, 1221

T. Steel Ord. (1732/8) 1685, 1695, 1675, 1682, 1667, 1675

T. Steel Ord. (347/8) 340, 342, 338, 339, 337, 338/8

Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (136/4) 135/8, 134

Bellapur (208/8) 205/8, 204, 204/8, 204

B. Steam (284) 282

B. Burma (523/12) 516, 518, 513, 516, 517

## TEXTILE SHARES

Bombay, Oct. 19.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 100 | AHMED. ADVANCE ..... | 285 0 |
| 250 | BOM. DYEING ..... | 875 0 |
| 100 | CENTURY ..... | 258 0 |
| 100 | CENTRAL INDIA ..... | 265 8 |
| 100 | COLABA ..... | 133 0 |
| 100 | Coorla ..... | 112 8 |
| 250 | David ..... | 40 0 |
| 250 | Dawn ..... | 325 0 |
| 1 | E. D. Sassoon Def. ... | 0 6 6 |
| 100 | Finlay ..... | 108 0 |
| 100 | GOKAK ..... | 165 0 |
| 1000 | Hindustan ..... | 1,795 0 |
| 100 | Indore ..... | 36 0 |
| 100 | Khatau ..... | 110 0 |
| 100 | KOHINOOR ..... | 298 8 |
| 250 | Laxmi ..... | 466 4 |
| 250 | Madras United ..... | 25 0 |
| 100 | MORARJI ..... | 130 0 |
| 250 | Model ..... | 52 0 |
| 50 | MYSORE ..... | 97 8 |
| 200 | NEW GREAT ..... | 256 0 |
| 100 | Oosmanshahi ..... | 43 12 |
| 100 | PHOENIX ..... | 272 8 |
| 25 | SASSOON SILK ..... | 76 8 |
| 1000 | Sholapur ..... | 3010 0 |
| 50 | SIMPLEX ..... | 92 0 |
| 100 | SWADESHI ..... | 254 8 |
| 100 | SWAN ..... | 102 0 |
| 500 | Vishnu ..... | 1,180 0 |
| 1000 | Westerns ..... | 935 0 |
| | BANKS | |
| 50-100 | Baroda ..... | 95 0 |
| 25-50 | Central ..... | 30 0 |
| 500 | Imperial ..... | 1362 8 |
| 125-500 | Imp. Conty. ..... | 333 2 |
| 50-100 | India ..... | 127 8 |
| 100 | Reserve Bank ..... | 102 4 |
| 5 | Union ..... | 5 8 |
| | CEMENTS | |
| 100 | ASSOCIATED ..... | 132 0 |
| | INSURANCE | |
| 100 | Empire ..... | 562 8 |
| 15-100 | Jupiter ..... | 10 2 |
| 20 | Mercantile ..... | 49 0 |
| 15-75 | New India ..... | 33 0 |
| 200 | Oriental ..... | 3635 0 |
| 15-50 | Vulcan ..... | 6 12 |
| | ELECTRIC | |
| 100 | Ahmd. Old ..... | 136 14 |
| 1000 | ANDHRA VALLEY ..... | 1385 0 |
| 10 | Ajmer ..... | 10 1 |
| 50 | BOMBAY TRAM ..... | XD.120 0 |
| 100 | Bombay Suburban ..... | 165 0 |
| 10 | Broach ..... | 10 4 |
| 100 | Karachi ..... | 191 4 |
| 100 | Poona ..... | 183 8 |
| 100 | Surat ..... | 152 8 |
| 100 | TATA HYDRO ..... | 144 0 |
| 100 | TATA POWERS ..... | 1221 4 |
| | RAILWAYS | |
| 500 | Ahmedabad Prantij ..... | 937 8 |
| 100 | C. Province ..... | 91 0 |
| 100 | Dh. Baramati ..... | 91 0 |
| 100 | Gujarat ..... | 93 0 |
| 100 | Mandra Bhon ..... | 90 0 |
| 100 | Pachora Jamner ..... | 83 12 |
| 100 | Sara Serajganj ..... | 91 0 |
| 500 | Tapti Valley ..... | 740 0 |
| | MININGS | |
| 9 | Burma Corp. ..... | $ 2 |
| 2sh. | Indian Copper ..... | 2 5 |
| 10 | Indian Iron and Steel ..... | 32 0 |
| 10 | SHIVRAJPUR ..... | 43 8 |
| 30 | TATA STEEL DEFD ..... XD1675 | 0 |
| 75 | TATA STEEL ORD ..... XD | 338 8 |
| | MISCELLANECUS | |
| 100 | ALCOCK ..... | 517 8 |
| 10 | Air Services ..... | 6 0 |
| 58 | BELAPUR SUGAR ..... | 204 0 |
| 200 | Bombay Safe Dep. ..... | 602 8 |
| 250 | BOMBAY STEAM ..... | 282 0 |
| 125 | B. BURMA ..... | 517 8 |
| 50 | B. BURMA CONTY. ..... | 170 10 |
| 2sh. | Br. B. Petrol ..... | 4 15 6 |
| 50 | BOMBAY TELEPHONE XD | 80 0 |
| 100 | IND. BLEACHING ..... | 104 0 |
| 100 | Western India Match ..... | 112 8 |
| 50 | Ind. Invest Trust ..... | 42 12 |
| 100 | I. Radio Def. ..... | 370 0 |
| 100 | I. Radio Ord. ..... | 385 0 |
| 100 | Port Canning ..... | 72 12 |
| 30 | PREMIER CON. ..... | 70 0 |
| 15 | Scindia ..... | 21 12 |
| 25 | Tata Oil Mill ..... | 44 8 |
| | PREFERENCE | |
| 7 | p.c. Andhra Valley ..... | 1280 0 |
| 6 | p.c. Bombay Steam ..... | 270 0 |
| 7 | p.c. Bom. Tram (T.F.) ..... | 71 0 |
| 5 | p.c. Central India (T. F.) ..... | 531 4 |
| 6 1/4 | p.c. Prem. Const 1st ..... | 104 8 |
| 6 1/4 | p.c. Prem. Const. 2nd ..... | 96 0 |
| 7 | p.c. Tata Hydro ..... | 135 0 |
| 7 1/2 | p.c. Tata Power ..... | 1385 0 |
| 6 | p.c. Tata Steel 1st Pref ..... | XD181 0 |
| 7 1/2 | p.c. Tata Steel 2nd ..... | XD124 0 |
| 7 | p.c. Vishnu ..... | 675 0 |
| | DEBENTURES | |
| 3 3/4 | p.c. Andhra Valley ..... | 100 0 |
| 5 | p.c. Andhra Valley ..... | 102 0 |
| 4 | p.c. Bombay Telephone ..... | 48 4 |
| 7 | p.c. Sholapur ..... | 75 0 |
| 6 | p.c. Tata Hydro ..... | 102 4 |

(Capital letters indicate shares on Forward list).

## INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, Oct. 19.

GOVT. SECURITIES.

*LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS*

# NEW YORK COTTON SIX POINTS UP

## Dull Undertone On Stock Exchange: Pressure In Gilts

### UPWARD TREND IN RUBBER

### Silver Declines

BOMBAY, October 19

The tendency in New York cotton was slightly easy at the opening but later prices somewhat rallied on better support from trade and local interests.

In the local market Broach opened at Rs. 196 but owing to unsettled Indian political situation declined to Rs. 193-4 and closed at Rs. 194-8.

London Stock Exchange was quiet and irregular with dull undertone. Gilt-edged securities were subjected to some pressure. The bright feature in commodities is rubber, which continues to show upward trend. Forward Silver price dropped by 3/8d. There was a sympathetic fall in local silver market.

## COTTON

### LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

DECEMBER 1939.

New York, Oct 19

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 8.94 |
| To-day's opening | 8.92 |
| Difference | —02 |
| To-day's closing | 9.00 |
| Difference | +06 |

### LIVERPOOL COTTON

JANUARY 1940.

Liverpool, Oct 19

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 5.67 |
| To-day's opening | 5.64 |
| Difference | —03 |
| To-day's closing | 5.70 |
| Difference | +03 |

Broach A/M Expectation ..... Rs. 195-8

### N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Oct 19

The New York cotton showed slight easiness following disappointing overseas cables but subsequently the steadier tendency developed.

The trading in December began at 8.92 i.e. two points lower than the last close. Prices declined on lower Liverpool cables but later rallied on better trade support and local buying. December rose to 8.96.

### BOMBAY COTTON

#### Late Trading

Bombay, Oct 19

Broach April/May, after opening at Rs. 196, eased off to Rs. 193-4 on scattered selling and realising. The closing was slightly better at Rs. 194-8.

### NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Oct 29

Following were the opening ranges on New York Cotton Exchange:

December (8.82/8.82) 8.92/8.92
March (8.51/8.50) 8.78/8.78
May 8.67/8.66

### Liverpool Cotton

Liverpool, Oct 19

American January (5.69) 5.67
American March (5.68) 5.67
Giza November (7.12) 6.99
Giza January (7.24) 7.11

### LONDON COMMODITIES

London, Oct 19

METALS

Tin (£230 quiet) £230 quoted; quiet.

RUBBER

Spot (10 3/8 paid and buyers) 10 5/8 paid and value

Forward January March (10 9/16 paid and value) 10 3/4 paid and value

JUTE

Dundee November (£34 1/2) £34 1/4
Lightning November (£31 3/4) £32

BULLION

Influx (nil) nil
Withdrawal (nil) nil
Gold (£8-8-0) £8-8-0
Silver 22 13/16d.

### Iron And Steel Production At Jamshedpur

Messrs. Tata Sons, Limited, Agents for the Tata Iron and Steel Company, Limited, report the working of the Company for the quarter ending 30th June 1939.

| | Production. Tons. | Despatches Tons. |
|---|---|---|
| Pig Iron | 230,500 | 4,800 |
| Steel Ingots | 232,100 | ..... |
| Semi-finished steel for sale | 35,600 | 33,800 |
| Finished Steel | 144,200 | 145,700 |

RECEIPTS. The gross invoices value of materials despatched during the quarter ending 30th June 1939, was approximately Rs. 296.56 lakhs.

BEST CO.'S RECEIPTS FOR SEPTEMBER

| | For September 1939. Rupees | Up to the end of September, 1939. Rupees |
|---|---|---|
| Electric Supply | 7,55,941 | 67,75,159 |
| Traction (Trams & Omnibuses) | 6,70,411 | 60,81,076 |
| Decrease over same period last year | | 4,44,833 |

## EXCHANGES

### CROSS RATES

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, Oct 19

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 4.00 |
| To-day's opening | 4.00 1/8 |
| At the time of New York cotton closing | not received |

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Oct 19

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 4.02 to 4.04 |
| To-day's opening | 4.02 to 4.04 |
| To-day's closing | 4.02 to 4.04 |

T. T. LONDON ON PARIS

London, Oct 19

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 176 to 177 |
| To-day's opening | 176 to 177 |
| To-day's closing | 176 to 177 |

## LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Oct 19

London Exchange opened with the sterling dollar at 4.02 to 4.04 which is officially fixed rate.

Franc was officially fixed at 176 to 1/7.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-6) 1-6
Paris on Bombay (13.23 3/4) 13.23 3/4
New York on Bombay (30.40) 30.40
London on Milan (70.50) 70.50
London on Shanghai (0-4 5/8) 0-4 5/8
London on Kobe (1-2 buyers 1-2 1/32 sellers) 1-2 buyers 1-2 1/32 sellers

DISCOUNTS

3 months (2 per cent) 1 15/16 to 2 per cent.
4 months (2 1/16 to 2 1/8 per cent) 2 1/16 to 2 1/8 per cent
6 months (2 5/8 to 2 3/4 per cent) 2 1/2 to 2 5/8 per cent

### LONDON SILVER CABLE

London, Oct 19

"Small bear cash covering. American trade sold forward. Business small. Market quiet.

LONDON SILVER

London, Oct 19

| | |
|---|---|
| Spot | (22 15/16d) 22 13/16d—1/8 |
| Forward | (22 3/16d) 21 13/16d—3/8 |

LONDON GOLD

London, Oct 19

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£8-8-0) £8-8-0

### BOMBAY BULLION

#### Latest Night Quotations

Bombay, Oct 19

SILVER

| | |
|---|---|
| Silver ready | 58 2 0 |
| Silver Asho | 58 5 0 |
| Silver Kartak | 58 10 0 |

GOLD

| | |
|---|---|
| Gold ready | 41 6 6 |
| Gold Asho | 41 6 6 |
| Gold Kartak | 41 6 0 |
| Sovereign | 26 10 0 |

### WHEAT AND SEEDS

#### Latest Night Quotations

Bombay, Oct 19

| | |
|---|---|
| Wheat January | 3 12 3 |
| Wheat May | 3 15 0 |
| Linseed May | 6 4 3 |
| Groundnuts February | 35 15 0 |
| Castorseed May | 39 6 0 |
| Cottonseeds January | 24 7 6 |

### *Indian Cotton Figures*

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Since 1st Sept.

In full-pressed Bales.

| | Yesterday. | This year | Last year. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Khandesh | 8 | 2,615 | 258 |
| Central India | 38 | 5,350 | 15,941 |
| Barsi and Nagar | | 10,839 | 2,009 |
| Hyderabad-Gaorani | | | 202 |
| Berar | | 8,175 | 3,054 |
| Central Provinces | | 1,154 | 4,512 |
| Total Oomras | 46 | 28,133 | 25,976 |
| Dholera | 32 | 3,058 | 13,451 |
| N.-W. Provinces | 329 | 11,429 | 2 |
| Rajputana | | 4,792 | 818 |
| Sind-Punjab | 1,106 | 35,129 | 11,894 |
| Broach | | 53 | 6,602 |
| Coompta and Dharwar | 500 | 10,092 | 4,146 |
| Westerns-Northerns | 385 | 7,524 | 3,875 |
| Tinnevelly and Cambodia | | | 1,037 |
| American | | | 4 |
| Egyptian, African and Sudan | | 48,886 | 64,155 |
| Comilla, Burma and other sorts | | 200 | ... |
| Total | 2,380 | 149,424 | 131,963 |
| Arrived by road to 12th Oct. 39. | | 10,000 | ... |

## 3½% STERLING LOAN

London, Oct 19

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £80

### *LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE*

London, Oct 19

INDIAN LOANS

3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£92) £92
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£80 1/4) £80
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£101 3/4 Ex Div) £101 3/4
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 (£105) £105
4 per cent Indian Stock 1948-53 (£100) £100
5 per cent 1942-47 (£103 7/8) £103 3/4
4 per cent (£94) £94

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent 1940-50 (£97 1/2) £98 1/2

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£66 3/4) £66 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£90 1/2) £90 1/4
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£102 1/4) £102 3/8
5 per cent Funding Loan (£101 5/8) £101 1/2
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£91 1/2) £91 1/4
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£102 3/8) £102 1/4

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (12-0) 12-0
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (51-3) 50-0
Hydro Electric (del 2 3/4) del 2 7/8
Elec Music Industry (7-9) 7-9
Princhin Johnson (21-0) 21-0
Imperial Chemical (29-6) 29-0
Woolsworth New Ordinary (58-0) 57-9
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1930 (£16 1/2) £16 1/2
Dunlop Rubber (27-9) 27-6
Unilever Ordinary (29-6) 29-0
Ford Motors (14-7 1/2) 14-7 1/2
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£49 1/4) £49
British American Tobacco Ordinary (86-3) 84-4 1/2
Carreas 'A' (£6) £6
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (115-0) 113-1 1/2
P and O Def (20-6) 20-7 1/2
Distillers (91-3) 90-0
Bredfords Dye (4-7 1/2) 4-7 1/2
British Celanese (5-9) 5-9
J and P Coates Ordinary (28-3) 28-3
Courtaulds Ordinary (29-0) 28-6
Fine Cottons Spinners (4-9) 4-8
Vickers Limited Ordinary (17-3) 17-6
Inter Nickels (del 48 1/2) del 48 1/4
Indian Iron (44-4 1/2) 44-4 1/2

TEA SHARES

Assam (15-0) 15-0
Donaro Tea (26-10 1/2) 27-6
Empire of India (21-0) 21-0

JUTES

Barnagore (£12 1/2) £12 1/2

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (25-6) 26-0
Gula Kelampong (16-3) 15-7 1/2
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (28-9) 29-10 1/2

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (27-6) 27-6
Burma Corporation (9-0) 9-0
Rio Tintos (£10 3/4) £10 3/4
East Rand Proprietors (45-0) 45-0
Rand Mines (£6 1/4) £6 1/16

MINE SHARES

Crown (£12 5/8) £12 3/4
Associated Portland Cement (67-6) 67-5
Trinidad Leaseholds (101-3) 98-9
Sub Nigel (£9 1/4) £9 1/4
Spring Mines Split Shares (23-9) 23-9
Union Corporation (£6 1/8) £6 1/4

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (25-7 1/2) 26-0
Anglo Persian (62-6) 62-6
Burma Oil (65-0) 64-4 1/2
Mexican Eagle (5-7 1/2) 5-6
Shell Transport (86-10 1/2) 86-18 1/2
Royal Dutch (£36 1/8) £36

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£27 1/2) £28 1/2
London Midland Ordinary (£10 1/2) £10 7/8
London North Eastern Def. (£2 3/8) £2 3/8
London Southern Def. (£9 3/4) £10
London Transport 5 per cent (£107) £107
London Transport 'C' (£65) £65

### NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Oct 19

The following are the opening quotations:—

General Motors (del 55) del 54 5/8
Anaconda Copper Mining (del 34 7/8) del 34 1/4
U S Steel Common New Stock (del 79 1/8) del 77 7/8
U S Steel Preference (unquoted) del 118 1/2

### BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS

Bombay, Oct. 18.

Yarn No. 6 1/2s. October 115; December 115; February 116.
Yarn No. 10 1/2s. October 125; December 128; February 131.
Yarn No. 20 1/2s. October 157; December 161; February 164.
Yarn No. 40s. October 280; December 233; February 235.

### *Exports From Bombay*

1st Sept. to 12th Oct.

In full-pressed Bales.

| | Yesterday. | This year | Last year. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Europe | 201 | 7,073 | 14,724 |
| Japan and China | 14,000 | 92,548 | 112,672 |
| Coast Ports | | 4,805 | 5,319 |
| Up-country by Rail | | 33,028 | 36,128 |
| Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan | | 16,710 | 2,800 |
| Total | 14,201 | 154,164 | 174,843 |

## ADVANCE HINDU-SIKH UNITY

### J. K. Birla's Announcement At Bulandshahr Conference

(From A Correspondent)

Bulandshahr. (By Mail).

The United Provinces Sikh Parchar Conference met on October 14, under the presidentship of Master Tara Singh.

Many Hindus participated in the Conference.

Seth J. K. Birla addressed the Conference.

On Sunday there was another meeting of the Sikh Conference in which Mr. J. K. Birla also participated and announced that fifteen Gurdwaras may be built at his cost in different villages.

Mr. Birla said Sikhs come from the same mother community and the Sikh Gurus created the Sikh community as a martial class for the protection of the Hindu religion.

### HAPUR MARKET

Hapur, Oct. 19.

Wheat ready Rs. 2/15/8; Mangsir Rs. 2/15/11; Jeth Rs. 3/1/10
Gram ready Rs. 3/6/6; Mangsir Rs. 3/6/3; Jeth Rs. 3/3.
Barley ready Rs. 2/9/9; Mangsir Rs. 2/9/9.
Peas ready Rs. 3/5/6: Mangsir Rs. 3/5/6.
Arhar ready Rs. 2/15/6; Mangsir Rs. 2/15/6.
Cottonseed ready Rs. 2/7/9.
Maize ready Rs. 2/8/6.
Tone: Easy on lower foreign advices.

### *Railway Earnings Look Up*

NEW DELHI, Oct. 18.

The total approximate gross earnings for all State-owned railway for the period (10 days) ending 30th September, 1939, amount to Rs. 271 lakhs. This is Rs. 2 lakhs more than the actuals for the corresponding period of the previous year, and Rs. 17 lakhs more than the actuals for the corresponding period of 1937-38.

The total approximate gross earnings from the 1st April to 30th September 1939, amount to Rs. 45.53 crores. This is Rs. 1 lakh more than the actuals for the corresponding period of the previous year, and Rs. 13 lakhs more than the actuals for the corresponding period of 1937-38.—United Press.

### *THE AFTERMATH*

(Continued from page 6.)

of the situation as it exists. He does not defend it. He is merely content to realise the true import of the Viceroy's statement.

* * * * *

But there are others, who have also spoken and one feels they would have rendered greater service to this country if they had not spoken at all. To this class belong the utterances of Sir Dhunjishah Cooper, Sir Shapurjee Billimoria, Mr. Rowjee and so many others. Says Sir Dhunjishah: "The Viceroy deserves the support of every political organisation and every community in his earnest desire to unite the country and to prepare it for Dominion Status." Let it be said now for the benefit of those, who may not be aware of the real importance of this ex-Minister of an interim Government, that he commands in the public life of this country a place which is almost negligible in point of importance or representation. Sir Dhunjishah Cooper's only claim to comment on the situation is that he happens to have been the "nominated" Chief Minister of an interim Ministry, when the real representatives of the majority of the people could not accept that office with honour. Much less are Sir Shapurjee Billimoria and Mr. Rowjee qualified to speak or express an opinion. Says Sir Shapurjee "The Parsee community would whole-heartedly support His Majesty's Government in attaining the object for which His Majesty's forces were now fighting." Except perhaps by a donation to the Viceroy's chest, there is little possibility of the Parsee Community taking any appreciable part in helping Britain to attain the object for which His Majesty's forces are now fighting. Let Sir Shapurjee realise the import of his utterance. The soldiers who are fighting on the Western Front, in the high seas and in the air are every day gambling with their lives. When Paul Doumerge, President of France, gave his whole-hearted support to his country, he gave his four sons to the cause of France. A street in Paris which is named after his four dead sons is a memorial to that sacrifice. Are we, the Parsee community, capable of emulating that conception of sacrifice? Sir Shapurjee must conserve some sense of reality and proportion.

And so many others, too, have spoken. It is a pity that their utterances should ever have seen the light of day. They are the most damaging evidence against the cause of Indian freedom—evidence that is just thrown into the lap of Britain. There they do not realise the difference between the men who can claim to speak for India and the small fry. It is a tragedy that we have yet to suffer. India must forgive those who have spoken out of turn for they know not what they say.

## MADRAS SHARE MARKET

MADRAS, Oct 19

In the local market Government securities ruled steady amongst banks. Reserve Banks were again well enquired for at Rs. 102 1/2. Planting shares were steady.

Exchange transactions: 3 1/2 per cent shares were steady.

Exchange transactions: 3 1/2 per cent 1951/54 G I loan Rs. 86; 4 per cent 1960/70 G I loan Rs. 95/9; 4 1/2 per cent 1955-60 G I loan Rs. 102/7; 3 1/2 per cent 1956/61 Cochin Rs. 94/10; 94/14 small lot; 3 1/2 per cent 1956 Travancore Rs. 94; Reserve Bank of India Rs. 101 102 1347/8; Bank of Hindustan Rs. 25; Indian Bank Rs. 100/8; Buckingham and Carnatic Pref Rs. 156/8; Palani Andaver Pref Rs. 48/12, Kalpettas Rs. 15; Balamoors Rs. 4/4; Coorg Rubbers Rs. 21/8; Midland Rubbers Rs. 3/5; Cochin Malabars Rs. 6; Tropical Plantations Rs. 12/12 small lot; 13; Chembra Peaks Rs. 2/8, Kalasa Tea Rs. 3/8; Periakaramalai Rs. 15/12; Travancore Sugars Rs. 8/8; 8/10; Mysore Sugars Rs. 34/10; Mysore Papers Rs. 10 10/2 10/6; A.V. Thomas Associated Cements Rs. 136/8 135/8 Nov; Indian Coppers Rs. 2/6; Burma Corporation Rs. 6/2; Tata Ordy Rs. 348; 351; trols Rs. 5/2; Indian Irons Rs. 33/12.

### KARACHI PRODUCE MARKET

Karachi, Oct 19

To-day's closing quotations:—

| | |
|---|---|
| Cotton Sind January | 19 2 9 |
| Punjab January | 15 6 6 |
| Desi American January | 21 7 3 |
| Tone: Quiet. | |
| Wheat November | 25 10 9 |
| January | 26 10 0 |
| July | 27 13 0 |
| Tone: Quiet. | |
| Gram November | 33 3 6 |
| January | 33 15 0 |
| July | 30 5 6 |
| Toria November | 42 13 0 |
| February | 40 9 0 |
| Cottonseed January | 20 10 0 |

### *Groundnuts And Seeds*

Bombay, Oct. 19.

(Through the Seeds Traders' Association, Ltd.).

| | |
|---|---|
| Castorseeds May— | |
| Opening | Rs. 39 8 0 |
| Highest | 39 12 0 |
| Lowest | 39 8 0 |
| Closing | 39 10 0 |
| Groundnuts Feb.— | |
| Opening | 36 3 0 |
| Highest | 36 5 6 |
| Lowest | 35 13 6 |
| Closing | 35 13 6 |
| Cottonseeds Jan.— | |
| Opening | 24 9 0 |
| Highest | 24 11 0 |
| Lowest | 24 6 6 |
| Closing | 24 6 0 |

### *Bombay Metals*

Bombay, Oct. 19.

| | |
|---|---|
| Yellow Metal Sheet | Rs. 51 0 0 |
| Copper Sheets | Rs. 70 0 0 |
| Tone:—Firm. | |

### SHIPPING NEWS

LOADING

Bombay, Oct 19

The following vessels booked for loading on 19-10-1939.

American ss Pres Polk.
Norwegian ss Troja

IMPORTS

90 cases celluloide goods; 50 cases rubber goods; 120 cases toys; 90 cases enamelware; 110 cases silk piecegoods; 1060 cases cotton piecegoods; 40 cases raw silk; 60 cases art silk piecegoods; 950 cases rayon piecegoods; 1650 cases cotton yarn; 585 cases rayon yarn; 210 cases woollen yarn; 205 cases staple fibre yarn; 130 cases art silk yarn; 110 cases silk yarn; 41 cases clocks; 800 cases glassware; 61 cases sheet glass; 90 cases confectionery; 80 cases woollen piecegoods; 540 cases roen tea; 600 cases porcelainware; 760 cases tiles; 50 bundles mattress fibre; 722 bales straw boards; 117 bales paper; 291 drums paint; 185 drums 500 bags chemicals; 100 crts galvd iron sheets; 1369 crts steelware; 108 cases silk piecegoods.

EXPORTS

1348 bags myrabollams C Jivanlal and Co; 50 bales cotton thread waste Barot Bros and Co; 4384 bags myrabollams H Bhagwandas and Co; 616 bags myrabollams J Moolchand and Co; 7392 bags myrabollams P Mathradas and Co; 249 bales cotton fly L O Vora; 331 bales cotton waste M Chandulal and Co; 100 bales cotton waste C Jairam and Co; 146 bales cotton waste G M Vyas and Co; 100 bales cotton twist waste C Jairam and Co; 21 bales cotton twist waste G M Vyas and Co; 2560 bags myrabollams J Ramchandra and Co; 2911 bags groundnut oil cakes Ralli Bros; 6506 bags groundnut oil cakes The East Asiatic Co; 2100 bags groundnut oil cakes F H Kassam; 4400 bags groundnut oil cakes 640 bags linseed cakes K Devchand and Co; 1355 bags linseed cakes P Haridas and Co; 3845 bags groundnut oil cake H Rawji and Co; 650 bags groundnut oil cake P Haridas and Co; 1230 bags linseed oil cakes H Rawji and Co; 1326 bags celery seed 520 bags flea seed 532 bags psyllium seeds 137 bags psyllium husk D Abraham and Sons; 105 bags fennel seed 1236 bags gram karaya N Mulji and Co; 300 bales cotton raw A Clayton and Co; 278 bales cotton raw H Jagjivandas and Co; 300 bales cotton raw S R Tulshan and Co; 100 bales cotton raw Havary and Co; 100 bales cotton raw J R Shah and Co; 100 bales cotton raw L Ramji and Co; 100 bales cotton raw R P Puria and Co; 72 bales cotton raw Virji Ladha and Co; 53 bales cotton raw Valji Ladha and Co; 2900 bales cotton raw Japan Cotton Trading Co; 2800 bales cotton raw T M Kaisha Ltd; 700 bales cotton raw N Nagshi and Co; 117 bales cotton raw C Jethabhai and Co; 320 bags sesame seed D Abraham and Sons; 350 bags flea seed D Mavji and Co; 4187 bags linseed Oil Seeds Trading Co; 945 bags gum karaya S Khetsey and Co; 600 bags linseed oil cakes Swastika Oil Mills Ltd; 2346 bags linseed J Ramchandra and Co; 198 bags gum karaya D Mavji and Co; 242 bales cotton fly 200 bales cotton thread waste Champaklal and Co.

# VICEROY HAS POINTED WAY TO WILDERNESS

## But Congress Will Emerge Stronger From It As Architect Of Free India

"Those of us who had never any illusions about the nature of the war are completely satisfied with the Viceroy's and the Secretary of State's pronouncements. We are delighted at their frankness," said Mr. M. R. Masani, speaking at a public meeting at Chowpatty this evening organised by the Congress Socialist Party.

Mr. Yusuf Meherally presided.

MARCH UNDER TRICOLOUR

Mr. Meherally said he was glad to note the frank statements of Lords Linlithgow and Zetland. He was not at all disappointed in their tone. The statements made it clear that Britain was determined to perpetrate the 'status quo.' It was their duty to stand united against such a stand of Britain. They should sink their differences and rally under the Tricolour Flag to attain Independence. That would be the way to answer Britain's challenge.

VICEROY'S INVITATION

Mr. Ashoke Mehta said that the Congress reply to the Viceroy would release such forces as would ultimately ensure the emergence of a new world order that the Congress ceaselessly strived for.

The Viceroy had interviewed 52 persons—five Congressmen and 47 nondescripts. The five represented tens of millions, as had been repeatedly shown, and the forty-seven only of a few scattered thousands. But the Viceroy preferred to follow the forty-seven and had thus invited the Congress to follow the inevitable course that was open to it and was its declared policy.

TO WILDERNESS AGAIN

Mr. Masani said that there could be now no room for the slightest hesitancy or delay on their part nor should there be any differences of opinion at that moment. The Congress should prefer to go into the wilderness for a while. There could be no doubt of its emerging from it more powerful than ever as the architect of a Free India.

### POSITION OF SCHEDULED BANKS

Statement of the position of scheduled banks as at the close of business on 13th October, 1939.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1. Demand Liabilities— | | |
| (a) In India | Rs. | 132,61,05,000 |
| (b) In Burma | | 6,86,10,000 |
| 2. Time Liabilities— | | |
| (a) In India | | 97,21,90,000 |
| (b) In Burma | | 4,12,64,000 |
| 3. Cash— | | |
| (i) Currency Notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes— | | |
| (a) In India | | 5,95,34,000 |
| (b) In Burma | | 41,000 |
| (ii) Burma Notes— | | |
| (a) In India | | 20,000 |
| (b) In Burma | | 47,25,000 |
| (iii) Rupee Coin— | | |
| (a) In India | | 76,09,000 |
| (b) In Burma | | 98,000 |
| (iv) Subsidiary Coin— | | |
| (a) In India | | 36,36,000 |
| (b) In Burma | | 94,000 |
| 4. Balance with Reserve Bank | | 17,35,29,000 |
| 5. Advances— | | |
| (a) In India | | 108,07,69,000 |
| (b) In Burma | | 3,77,84,000 |
| 6. Bills discounted— | | |
| (a) In India | | 2,49,88,000 |
| (b) In Burma | | 25,58,000 |

### IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

Statement of the Affairs of the Imperial Bank of India on the 13th October, 1939.

LIABILITIES.

| | Rs. | Rs. |
|---|---|---|
| CAPITAL:— | | |
| Authorised —2,25,000 shares of Rs. 500 each | 11,25,00,000 | |
| Issued and Subscribed — 2,25,000 shares of Rs. 500 each | 11,25,00,000 | |
| Called up — 75,000 shares of Rs. 500 each, fully paid | 3,75,00,000 | |
| 1,50,000 shares of Rs. 500 each, Rs. 125 paid | 1,87,50,000 | 5,62,50,000 |
| Reserve Liability of Shareholders —Rs. 375 per share on 1,50,000 shares | 5,62,50,000 | |
| Reserve Fund | | 5,57,50,000 |
| Fixed Deposits, Savings Bank, Current and other Accounts | | 84,97,68,000 |
| Loans against Securities per contra | | — |
| Acceptances for Constituents | | 6,96,000 |
| Sundries | | 59,64,000 |
| | Rupees | 96,94,30,000 |

ASSETS.

| | Rs. | Rs. |
|---|---|---|
| INVESTMENTS:— | | |
| Government Securities | 50,07,20,000 | |
| Other Authorised Investments | 96,22,000 | 51,03,42,000 |
| ADVANCES:— | | |
| Loans | 8,18,41,000 | |
| Cash Credits and Overdrafts | 21,46,67,000 | |
| Bills Discounted & Purchased | 2,17,54,000 | 31,82,62,000 |
| Liability of Constituents for Acceptances per contra | | 6,96,000 |
| Dead Stock | | 1,88,08,000 |
| Sundries | | 59,92,000 |
| Bullion | | — |
| CASH:— | | |
| In hand and with the Reserve Bank of India | 9,73,57,000 | |
| Balances with other Banks | 1,79,70,000 | 11,53,27,000 |
| | Rupees | 96,94,30,000 |

### PEPPER AND GINGER MARKET

Bombay, Oct. 19.

(The Pepper and Ginger Merchants' Association Ltd.).

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Pepper ready Allepey per candy | Rs. | 89 0 0 |
| Pepper ready Calicut per candy | | 88 0 0 |
| Pepper Asho Sud 15th per candy | | 87 8 0 |
| Pepper Maha Sud 15th per candy | | 93 8 0 |
| Pepper ready Lampong in C.I.F. per cwt. | | 13 0 0 |
| Ginger ready unbleached per cwt. | | 15 8 0 |
| Ginger ready bleached per cwt. | | 17 8 0 |
| Ginger Maha Sud 15th per cwt. | | 19 8 0 |

### *A GENTLEMAN'S PACT?*

(Continued From Page 1)

ist-capitalist hold on India. The simultaneous resignation of Congress Ministries followed by the restarting of direct action was considered to be the only honourable alternative course for attaining freedom.

An important section of opinion seems to adhere to the view that Britain would not adopt such a suicidal attitude, but would welcome a "Gentleman's Pact" between Mahatma and the Viceroy

It is considered likely that the Working Committee meeting at Wardha may not sound the war bugle but would surely give a clarion call to be ready for a general marching order.

#### Door Wide Open

It is also considered not unlikely that the Congress may give one more chance to Britain to make peace with honour thus keeping the door wide open.

The announcement of Consultative Committee is considered a mockery of India's aspiration.

#### Absolute Minimum

*FROM TALKS IN HIGH CONGRESS CIRCLES I LEARN THAT THE ABSOLUTE MINIMUM WHICH COULD BE ACCEPTABLE TO INDIA IS THAT BRITAIN SHOULD GIVE A DEFINITE PLEDGE OF INDIA'S FREEDOM AFTER WAR AND FURTHER THAT THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT MUST BE MADE RESPONSIBLE IMMEDIATELY*

### *AHRAR LEADER'S CALL TO MUSLIMS*

(From A Correspondent).

ALIGARH, Oct. 19.

Maulana Mohamed Ismail Zabih, Dictator of the All-India Majlis Ahrar Islam, after completing his tour on his way to Delhi has issued the following statement in connection with the Viceregal announcement:

The long-awaited announcement of the Viceroy in regard to the wishes of Indians is not at all unexpected. Now there cannot possibly be even a single self-respecting Indian who may be mistaken as to the aims and objects of Britain. The Congress has now got the answer to its question and now its duty is to adopt such a decisive and final attitude for the struggle of independence as is suited to Indians after consulting the other progressive organization of the country.

The lacs of Indian Musalmans above communal strifes are prepared to make utmost sacrifices for the cause of their country. I hope, the Congress will not let the question of Indian Independence fall back.

### *EXPOSURE OF BRITISH POLICIES*

NAGPUR, Oct. 19.

"Our internal disunity may undoubtedly be sometimes successfully exploited as a text to preach a plausible sermon against the freedom of India, but in this supreme hour of international crisis it would have been an act of wisdom not to expose so clearly and cruelly the fundamental disparity between Indian ideals and British policies", declared Mrs. Sarojini Naidu commenting on the Viceroy's statement in the course of an interview to the Associated Press.—A. P.

RESERVE BANK RATE

The Reserve Bank of India rate remains unchanged at 3 per cent. per annum.

"SWASTIK" WILL MAKE MOTION PICTURE HISTORY IN TRIUMPH AT KRISHNA CINEMA

SEE IT FROM TO-DAY

MOHAN PICTURES' FIRST SOCIAL SCREEN JEWEL

SWASTIK

WRITTEN & DIRECTED BY

MOHAN SINHA

of "FASHIONABLE INDIA" "ROMANTIC INDIA" & "INDUSTRIAL INDIA" Fame!

Starring:——

KUMARI VINA, JIVAN (O. K. DAR), INDURANI, SHUSHIL KUMAR, FAKIR MAHOMAD, NAZIR, BEDI and OTHERS!

MELODIOUS SONGS!! HEART TOUCHING STORY POWERFUL DIALOGUES & COMEDY!!!

DAILY 3 SHOWS:— 3-30, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

KRISHNA CINEMA

Released through:—— RAMNIKLAL MOHANLAL & CO.


# BOMBAY and SUBURBS

## Local Engagements

### To-day

Hindu: Ashwin Shud 8, 1995
Muslim: Ramzan 6, 1358
Parsi: Ardibehesht 15, 1309.
Hightide: 5-10, 17-16
Lowtide: 11-48, 22-55
Sunrise: 6h 34m
Sunset: 6h 14m

Municipal Corporation, Special meeting. 4-40 p.m.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION

The next meeting of the Corporation will be held in the Corporation Hall to-day (Friday) at 2-30 p.m. (B. T.)

MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER'S ROUNDS

The Commissioner will meet the elected members of Ward No. 6, to-morrow (Saturday) at 6-51 a.m. (B.T.) at the following place and go round with them in the Ward:—

Place of meeting: Bhuleshwar Fire Brigade.

BAHA'I ASSEMBLY.

Being the 120th Birthday Anniversary of the Baha'i Assembly a public meeting will be held at the Baha'i Hall, Bori Bunder, Bombay, to-day (Friday) at 7-00 p.m. when Mr. H. M. Manji and others will speak.

R. A. VIDYALAYA, GHATKOPAR.

On Saturday, the 21st inst. at 9 a.m., Mr. R. P. Masani, Vice-Chancellor of the Bombay University, will preside over the ceremony of the Installation of the School Captain and Vice-Captain and declare the Students' Court open.

NASIK DISTRICT BAILIFF'S CONFERENCE

The Nasik District Bailiff's Conference will be held on Sunday (October 29) in the Municipal Assembly Hall, Nasik at 11-30. Mr. B. K. Panse, Pleader, Nasik, will preside.

## Amusements Of The Day

CAPITOL—"King of the Jungle" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Foreign Affairs". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"It's A Wonderful World". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 .pm.
EXCELSIOR—"Yes, Madame". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"They Shall Have Music". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—Daily Change of Programme Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Kapal Kundala". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"Pati-Patni". Daily at 3-45, 6-45 and 10 p.m.
MINERVA—"The Great Moghul". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Swastik". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Sant Tulsidas". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Admi". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EDWARD—"Scouts to the Rescue". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"In Search of Happiness". Daily at 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
PLAZA—"The Only Way". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ALEXANDRA—"Scouts to the Rescue" Daily at 5, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Inside Nazi Germany". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PALACE—"Huckle Berry Finn". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

## AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY: Thursday.

Three persons were arrested yesterday in connection with an alleged systematic plan to manufacture drinks, called Plumber's Toddy and Neera, which contained alcohol.

The accused are Mr. Sampson John Plumber, Mr. Ratansha Jamshedji Panthaki and Mr. Hector Edwin Thompson.

It appears that the accused entered into an agreement to manufacture drinks which resembled "toddy" and "neera" in taste. It was stated that they actually prepared such drinks and distributed them all over Bombay in different tea-shops and restaurants, under the name of Plumber's Toddy and Neera.

It was further stated that H. E. Thompson acted as a salesman and also assisted S. J. Plumber in the process of manufacture.

The police discovered the plan and raided the premises where the factory existed. They took possession of the chemicals, utensils and the newly manufactured drinks bearing the name of Toddy and Neera. The drinks are alleged to contain alcohol.

The accused were produced today before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Court, and were bailed out.

## TIBBIA COLLEGE, BOMBAY

### Mian Mahomed Deen's Generous Donation

The Secretary, Tibbia College, Bombay, writes:—

As decided by the Tibbia College Funds Committee, the Hon. Mr. M. Y. Nurie, P.W.D. Minister, Government of Bombay, headed a deputation of Shifa-ul-Mulk Rashid Ahmed Khan and Hakim Mirza Hyder Beg to Mian Mahomed Deen, a Philanthropist, Landlord, at Bandra, on the 17th inst. to receive his promised donation for the Tibbia College.

Mian Saheb treated the Deputation with Aftari and dinner and offered to construct a building for the Tibbia College costing upto fifty thousand rupees from his own donation as well as from his late brother Khan Bahadur Mian Meher Baksh's Charities and several members of his community.

The offer was gratefully accepted on behalf of the Tibbia College Board in particular and of the Moslem Community in general.

NADA HABBA AT MYSORE ASSOCIATION HALL

Under the auspices of the Bombay Kannada Association, Matunga, Nada Habba will be celebrated to-morrow (Saturday) at 5 p.m., in the Mysore Association Hall, Matunga. Mr. N. V. S. Murty will preside.

BOOKS IN CHARITY.

Shrimati Shyam Saroj Devi, the Proprietress of Hindustani Printing Press, 294, Govindwadi, Kalbadevi, Bombay No. 2, has decided to give in charity 50 sets of 10 books on Indian History—Archaeology and other subjects, worth Rs. 60 to 50 Hindi Pustakalayas, on the recovery of her husband from the murderous assault by ruffians.

Pustakalaya Authorities can communicate with one anna stamp.

GOMANTAK HINDU VIDYARTHI MANDAL.

The Bhavanishankar Sukhtankar Sanskrit prize of Rs. 20 which is awarded by the Mandal every year to the Goad Hindu student who secures highest number of marks in Sanskrit at the Matriculation Examination has been awarded to Mr. V. D. Sahakari for the year 1938-39.

In the Sharda Festival under the auspices of this Association, Prof. V. B. Ambekar will deliver a lecture at 6-30 p.m. to-day (Friday).

## KHADI EXHIBITION IN MATUNGA

The Khadi Sales Depot, Matunga, is conducting a Khadi Exhibition which will last till November 13. All-India varieties are attractively displayed and are on sale. Special varieties include 6 yards, 8 yards and 9 yards Tirupur, Bangalore and Bengal silk saries.

## ANCIENT INDIA AND THE NEW WORLD

### Kadalangudi Sastriar's Exposition

Kadalangudi Natesa Sastrigal, the well-known Sanskrit scholar and astronomer is in the City in connection with organisation of research work at Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan, Andheri. Mr. Sastriar has many Vedenta and astronomical publications to his credit and has made a name by his researches. He is delivering a series of lectures at Matunga. In his first lecture at the Asthik Samaj he maintained that Indians of old knew about the existence of America earlier than Columbus. He quoted a stanza from Varahamihara's book on astronomy wherein the author says "when it is sunrise in Lanka, it is sunset at Siddhapura and vice-versa." This astronomical dictum, the Pandit maintained, was eloquent of the geographical knowledge of ancient Indians.

## Warning About Divali Fireworks

The Commissioner of Police, Bombay, writes:—

As the Divali festival is now approaching, the public are hereby cautioned against letting off or throwing fireworks on or near any public street, road or thoroughfare. Any one committing a breach of this order will render himself liable to be taken into custody by the police and dealt with according to law. The police have been directed to enforce this order strictly.

## Acquitted Of Kidnapping

(From Our Correspondent.)

THANA, October 19.

The Bhiwandi kidnapping case, came to a close yesterday, resulting in the acquittal of the accused Mahomed Hanif Abdul Rahman, weaver of Bhiwandi. Accepting the unanimous verdict of "not guilty" returned by the Jury, Mr. A. G. Wells, Sessions Judge, Thana acquitted the accused, who stood charged of the alleged offence of kidnapping a minor girl from lawful guardianship or in the alternative of abducting a woman with intention to marry her.

The accused pleaded that the girl was a major and she willingly accompanied him to Bombay and married him after conversion.

Mr. R. M. Chitnis, Assistant Public Prosecutor, Thana conducted the prosecution and Mr. N. M. Durwe, Pleader, Bhiwandi, defended the accused.

'F' WARD CONGRESS

The Jt. Hon. Secretary, 'F' Ward District Congress Committee, writes:—

All the enrolling officers who enrolled members in the books of 'F' Ward District Congress Committee are requested to take away the voter's cards from the office between 8 to 12 a.m. and 3 to 8-30 p.m. except Monday for distribution among the respective applicants.

## Talk Of The Suburbs

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN)

Suburban fishing season started in the middle of last month. But from the way this trade is carried out it is feared the poor fishermen are not even able to recover their actual cost of running the business.

Some years ago Sir Leslie Wilson, then Governor of Bombay, inaugurated a quick transport service at Danda, one of the biggest fishing villages of the Suburbs, by presenting a Government launch to carry fish from the fishing yard to land. This launch service is still there and proves very profitable.

It is therefore felt that the other fishing villages should also by some means employ the service of a launch so that their fish could be had fresh, which would fetch more money and at the same time be more palatable for the table.

Miss Enid Warris, B.A., of Lahore, who attended the International Youth Conference at Amsterdam, arrived in Bombay on Wednesday.

## CORPORATION ADJOURNS

### In Memory Of Late Mr. Saher

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Municipal Corporation adjourned on Thursday as a mark of respect to the memory of Mr. N. N. Saher, who was once a Municipal councillor. The Mayor referring to the death of the late Mr. Saher which took place on Tuesday, said, he was a Municipal councillor from 1903 to 1907 and had a bright University career. In the Police courts of Bombay, he was the senior most lawyer. Dr. D. N. Saher then moved and Mr. E. R. Hirjibehdin seconded that the House do adjourn. The proposition was carried, all standing. The Corporation then adjourned till Friday (to-day).

The Annual Khadi and Industrial Exhibition of Lucknow will commence from November 24.

Unmask your real beauty

It may seem incredible that you are literally hiding your real beauty under a mask, but it's probably true! The fact is that Nature intended the outer surface of your skin to be constantly though imperceptibly falling away to reveal the lovely fresh skin that is always growing underneath. Constant make-up and modern conditions prevent this natural process, however, and so a mask of lifeless cuticle gradually forms to hide your real loveliness. Nature, therefore, needs your help—and here is the way to give it.

Each night gently massage you. face and neck with a little pure Mercolized Wax. Mercolized Wax has the peculiar property of imperceptibly dissolving away the tiny particles of dead skin while you sleep, and leaving the lighter-coloured beautiful, young skin underneath clear and unimpaired. But be sure to ask your chemist, store or bazaar for pure Mercolized Wax (containing no animal fat). No ordinary cream will bring the same result.

MERCOLIZED WAX

TONS OF LAUGHTER IN SAGAR MOVIETONE'S MOST HILARIOUS COMEDY

P. S. SWEETHEARTS

or BHOLE BHALE

MAYA, BIBBO, PREM ADIB, ARUN, ADVANI

Directed By: ZIA SARHADY

A SUPREME RELEASE!

OPENING TO-MORROW AT PATHE

DAILY: 3-30, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

All Songs of the Film will be available on H. M. V. Records.

SUN., 22ND: MORN. SHOW AT 10. ROAD BACK

CAPITOL

Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10-0 p. m.

HE KNEW ONLY TO TAKE WHAT HE WANTED!...

Glorious White Giant ...and Beautiful Civilised Girl . . . Most Amazing Romance Filmed!
KING OF THE JUNGLE
WITH THE LION MAN (BUSTER CRABBE) · FRANCES DEE ·
A Paramount Picture

METRO

DAILY AT 3-30-6-30-10 P.M.

TELEPHONE 31045

IT'S WONDERFUL!
In stars..howls..thrills..romance! Year's happiest hit!
CLAUDETTE COLBERT
JAMES STEWART
It's a WONDERFUL WORLD
with GUY KIBBEE NAT PENDLETON FRANCES DRAKE EDGAR KENNEDY ERNEST TRUEX

REGAL AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

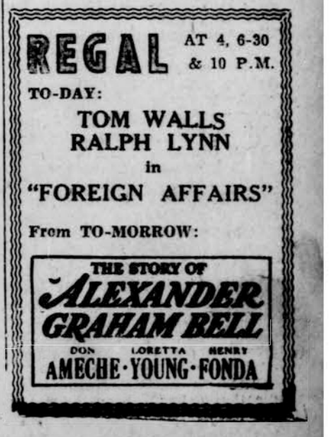
TO-DAY:

TOM WALLS RALPH LYNN

in

"FOREIGN AFFAIRS"

From TO-MORROW:



IF ONLY I COULD SLEEP
MY NERVES ARE ALL ON EDGE
I SHALL BE IN A TERRIBLE STATE TO-MORROW
WHAT WOULDN'T I GIVE FOR A GOOD NIGHT'S REST!




Drink delicious OVALTINE and forget your nerves

Do you realise that strained nerves are starved nerves? If your nerves won't let you sleep, it is a sign that your daily dietary is not providing sufficient nerve-restoring nourishment.

What you need is a cup of "Ovaltine" at night, just before you go to bed. It soothes your nerves and quickly induces natural, *restorative* sleep. While you sleep, "Ovaltine" recharges the entire nervous system with vitality, giving you morning freshness and all-day energy.

But, remember, it must be "Ovaltine." Only "Ovaltine" can give you "Ovaltine" results. Prepared from Nature's richest tonic foods—ripe barley malt and fresh, creamy cow's milk, plus valuable natural phosphatides and vitamins—"Ovaltine" is the supreme tonic food beverage.

Sold by all Chemists and Stores

Distributors:—JAMES WRIGHT LTD., Sethna Building, 55, Queen's Road, Bombay; also at Calcutta, Madras and Karachi.

"OVALTINE" BISCUITS

The same high standards that have made "Ovaltine" supreme, have now been applied to the production of "OVALTINE" Biscuits. Delicious, digestive and nourishing, they are the daintiest for all occasions and the fact that they contain "Ovaltine" gives them special value. Order some to-day. You will enjoy these really delightful biscuits. Sold in 4 oz. & 8 oz. pkts., & 1 lb. tins.

OE/5/39

Telephone No. 22881
Gram Line 322
Telegrams: "CHRONICLE"
Registered No. B. 1405

The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: FRIDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1939

## IMPERIALIST VOICE

Lord Zetland's speech in the House of Lords on the Viceroy's statement is as verbose and empty as the statement itself, but he dwells at greater length on the "divide and rule" policy of the British Government. Again and again he expatiates on the conflict of interests in India and describes it as the "root cause of our difficulties," because of which, he says, the problem of self-government has become far from simple. Lord Snell gave him one good reply when he said: "Although the people of India differ in this way, there is one overriding factor—common love of Motherland, which gives them unity, which is stronger than their differences." But the reply was evidently lost on one who was determined to magnify and exploit our differences.

### *The Brand Of Subjection*

It seems Lord Sankey said something "in somewhat disparaging terms," as Lord Zetland put it, about British policy; but that part of his speech, it appears, has not been reported in full. He also hoped that at the end of the war something more than Dominion Status, "something like the United States of India will emerge." If the hope is realised, it will not be because of the present policy of the British but in spite of it. In any case Lord Sankey was cent. per cent. right when he said that Indians were rather tired of only talking about the goal and wanted "something on account." He was not at all satisfied with the Consultative Committee, "having no power at all" but referred to the view that, if the Committee gave a unanimous opinion, the Viceroy would have very great difficulty in going behind it." Just for that reason the British Government will see to it that the Committee will be such—even apart from the Congress being necessarily out of it—that it will never give any thing like unanimous advice. And then they will say that this lack of unity is the root cause of the trouble. And the brand of subjection being still on us, a hundred voices will say in unison "That is profoundly true."

### *A Crucial Test*

The Viceroy's statement has been a crucial test of the sympathy some British papers professed for the Congress view-point. The "Manchester Guardian," which was somewhat profuse in its sympathy before, has now turned a somersault, is reconciled to the Consultative Committee and warns the Congress against refusing this "instalment" lest "by insisting on larger demands it lose what is precious beyond constitutional forms—namely, national unity of India." Congress would ever make large sacrifices for true national unity. But the Consultative Committee is meant only to extract maximum support for the war. The "News Chronicle" is even more complacent. Mr. W. N. Ewer of the "Daily Herald" is almost alone in condemning the Viceregal statement as having destroyed "all hope of a courageous new step towards full Indian self-government." The Consultative Committee, he says, "will satisfy neither wing of the Congress nor the Liberals, nor the Muslims, nor other political parties, nor indeed anybody." That is meant well but inaccurate. There are already several individuals and groups, if not parties, that are casting wistful glances at the Committee and several more may come into existence at the given signal. But whether these persons and groups will bring real whole-hearted support to Britain is a different question. The "Times" believes—because it so wishes—that "the great body of Indian opinion sympathises with the British and is prepared to give them unconditional support" and that even "the great majority are with Britain in the fight against aggression." All condemn aggression, both past and present. But not all who condemn Hitlerism would support somebody else's imperialism. However, as the Congress President pertinently points out, Britain may yet "extort material help for the conduct of war," but she cannot have that "moral and spiritual support" that the Viceroy had sought. And his reason is that Britain's aim is, as it always has been, "to strengthen her imperial position in her possessions." For the rest the country will await the decision of the Congress Working Committee.

# Khaksar Movement: Its Reaction In U. P.

(By GOPINATH SRIVASTAVA)

The seed of the "Khaksar" movement was first laid in the pages of an Urdu publication called "Isharat" or "Hints" by Mr. Inayatullah Khan.

The movement that began in a village near Lahore in 1930 collected 90 followers in two years, who were all villagers and susceptible to discipline. Once transplanted into Lahore, the movement gathered pace and about three hundred young men came within the fold in course of a few weeks. It was at Peshawar, however, that the Khaksar movement developed the technique which has made it notorious. It consisted in obedience to the letters of order but defiance to their spirit. One hand would be recruited, trained and disbanded to yield place to a fresh one. If a party of fifteen men were not allowed to march through a street, groups of 15 would march through different streets at the same time. If leaders were asked to leave an area they would continue to communicate their orders through men in plain clothes. Thus, was learnt the first lesson in the breaking of pledges.

★

Two years later when the movement spread over from the Punjab and the North-West-Frontier Province into Hyderabad and Sind, the necessity of a weekly organ for the movement was felt. The "Al-Islah" was started and soon found its way into the United Provinces. In June 1934, Allama Mashriqi received his second order to quit the Peshawar district. He lay low for about a year and by the end of 1935 organised a camp at Delhi into which Khaksars from about 300 places flocked. 1936 saw a more intensive organisation in various centres where training in mock military fights was duly given. The problem so far was financial but it was solved by the gift of about nine lakhs of rupees from an ex-Mir of Sind. With this timely assistance the movement gained a fresh accession of strength which emboldened the Allama to issue an ultimatum to the Punjab Government, demanding the installation of a radio station at Lahore, the establishment of a central (Zakat) fund and the removal of restrictions upon Government officials to participate in the Khaksar movement. The ultimatum ended by holding out a threat that in case of refusal the Ministry would be seen out of office. We do not know what action the Punjab Government took in this matter but, if we are to trust the Allama, once at least, the Punjab Government was alleged by the Allama himself to have agreed to the lifting of the ban on Government officials and consider the second demand. Another ultimatum was issued to the Premier of the North West Frontier Province sometime in May 1939, in which dire consequences were predicted if "he did not improve his ways and if he did not suspend his hostility towards the Khaksar movement."

★

The history of Khaksar movement in U. P. is no less interesting. It must be admitted that in the beginning the Khaksars in the United Provinces did not show themselves as a menace to law and order. In the meanwhile, the unfortunate Shia-Sunni controversy was started in Lucknow and tending to rend the great Muslim community in twain. Lucknow itself was in a highly disturbed condition with daily prospects of riots. It was at this moment of crisis in Muslim solidarity that Mr. Inayatullah Khan found his opportunity. In the issue of "Al-Islah" of Lahore dated June 12, 1939, the first reference to this Shia-Sunni dispute was made. The article stated that those who took part in it deserved death according to the Quran and that if the Shias and Sunnis could not arrive at a compromise between themselves within a fortnight serious measures would be adopted against Shia and Sunni leaders. In short, three from each Sect, the names of whom were known to the Allama were to be executed, of course, by the Khaksars. The Ahrars took up the challenge and a batch of Muslims was reported to be coming from Agra to Lucknow. The Muslim Youth League also offered its services to protect the leaders and oppose the Khaksars. There was a counter-announcement in the "Al Islah" of June 30, on behalf of the three Janbazes that they were prepared to come to Lucknow to consign the traitors to the community to the 'flames of Hell' and that they were 'only waiting orders'

★

In pursuance of the above policy, Mr Inayatullah sent on August 7, the following telegram to the Government:

"Orders 3,000 Khaksars issuing forcible settlement Lucknow dispute. Ready co-operation Government provided reasonable conditions acceptable Shia Sunni offered. Please wire intentions."

Such a telegram could not be replied to. So another "gentle" reminder came that the Khaksars were determined to end this dispute by all means. As the tone of this message was not as bad as that of the previous one, the United Provinces Government sent the following reply:

"The United Provinces Government is itself desirous of ending this dispute at the earliest possible moment and if the Punjabis had not interfered in it, it would have already been ended. Government accepts the co-operation of all organisations in this connexion so long as the methods adopted to end the Shia Sunni dispute are peaceful and within legal limits." The Government also inquired whether the threat of murder held out in "Al Islah" were really on his behalf and whether he undertook the responsibility for the same. No reply was, of course, forthcoming excepting a subsequent article in the "Al Islah" in which it was written that the Khaksars would smash the U. P. Government and use force against the Shia and Sunni leaders. It was the old story over again. But a curious side-light to the movement is to be found in a passage in this article of August 18, which mentioned that it would not prove a bad bargain if an understanding could be achieved between the Shias and Sunnis by offering a fight to the U. P. Government. The Allama followed the article by issuing orders to Khaksars to proceed to Lucknow.

(To be concluded.)

## Frankly Speaking

### Germans In Lithuania

A Kaunas report says: "The repatriation of the German minority in Lithuania has been postponed by the German Government, who give the reason that they wish to study the experiences gained from evacuation from Estonia and Latvia." The excuse for this sudden and unexpected holding up of the operation of a settled policy does not sound altogether convincing. What is really behind the postponement? An alternative theory in view of certain recent reports is that Herr Hitler has begun to change his mind as regards complete submission to Russia and that he does feel now that M. Stalin is treading heavily on his toe. But this theory too is rather weak. In the first place Hitler cannot dare to defy Russia. In the second place he has just warned the German minority in Finland that it will do well to evacuate that country voluntarily before it is compelled by him to do so.

### German Raids Fail

As Mr. Chamberlain told the House of Commons, "attacks by enemy aircraft on our fleet bases have begun." The various raids so far carried out have certainly failed and, in fact, the achievement of beating back the Germans with casualties exceeding 25 per cent. of the attacking force should be quite gratifying to the defenders. But a reply in kind by the British Navy and the R. A. F. is urgently indicated. According to a Copenhagen report heavy firing was heard all day long on Wednesday in the direction of Fehmarn, North-east of Kiel. Presumably this is that reply. It is to be hoped that it met with success not only in the air but also in avenging the loss of the "Royal Oak."

### The "Imperial View"

The British Government has decided that "during the present emergency" Indians, Anglo-Indians and Burmans who are in England are on the same footing as British subjects of pure "European" descent as regards voluntary enlistment in the armed forces and as regards eligibility for the grant of emergency commissions in those forces. This is an improvement in the theory of enlistment, however belated, and shows that in their need the British can afford to be less snobbish and would not much mind where they get help from. Of course, the change is in theory only and will last "during the present emergency" only. It is probable that a similar change in theory will soon be announced in India also. It can be well advertised and the "Times" of London has already begun to advertise "the broad and imperial view" of the Government. The imperial view is there, of course.

### Hyderabad Budget

The Budget note for the year 1349 Fasli (7th October 1939 to 5th October 1940) prepared for the Nizam's Government by the acting Finance Member reveals a less prosperous state of things than is usual in this State. It shows that the estimated revenue for the year is Rs. 887.44 lakhs and the expenditure is Rs. 883.83 lakhs, the corresponding figures for the last year being 896 lakhs and 869 lakhs. The decrease in the estimates for the new year is doubtless due to a less favourable monsoon. But it is encouraging to note that, despite a considerable fall in general revenues, provision has been made for additional recurring allotment of 7 lakhs progressing to 12 lakhs in the next five years for giving effect to the decision of Government for the expansion of free primary education in villages with a population of 1,000 souls. Compared with smaller States like Baroda, Mysore and Travancore, Hyderabad is so backward in respect of education that special efforts need to be made to bring the State on a level with the progressive ones in the country. Hyderabad is rich enough to finance wider schemes of education.

### China At War

The October number of China at War is in the best traditions of that informative paper, which gives the outside world an idea of the political and economic position of China since the war. This particular issue also contains an article of special interest to India. It is on Pandit Jawaharlal's visit to China, which, however, was interrupted by the war. In it the writer quotes from the Pandit who said: "China and India are the two ancients among the world, but they are young to-day and vital. They have been countries of yesterday, but the future beckons to them, and to-morrow is theirs."

## The Aftermath

By D. F. KARAKA

A number of public men, great and small, have now had their two-cents worth on the Viceroy's statement. Their comments make curious reading.

* * * *

Outstanding and almost in a class by themselves are the utterances of the Mahatma and Mr. Rajagopalachari, the Congress President and the joint statement of Pandit Jawaharlal and Maulana Abul Kalam Azad. They reflect the real and official attitude of the Congress and of the India, which we have learnt to respect as our own.

* * * *

The Mahatma gives real expression to his feelings when he says that he is "profoundly disappointed." No one, who had made the effort he has, to make it possible for India to play her part honourably in the war for democracy and self-determination in Europe, can feel otherwise. Perhaps the expression used by Jawaharlal and the Maulana is poignant: "The hand of friendship," they say, "which the Congress had extended, has been spurned by Britain." For in the absence of any other statement from the British Government, the Viceroy's statement must be regarded as the official and perhaps final reply of Britain to the people of India. Rightly does the Mahatma say: "It would have been better if the British Government had declined to make any declaration whatsoever."

* * * *

As one reads more carefully into the statements of the highlights of the Congress, one realises how definite they all are on the point that there is no common ground between the two people and that our paths diverge completely. "There is no mention in it of independence, freedom, democracy or self-determination." The 'better international system' of the British Prime Minister only refers to the preservation and the strengthening of the British Imperial and financial structure in India and abroad. And their final comment is that no self-respecting Indian can co-operate with Britain in the attainment of such an end.

* * * *

As one reads through the British comments, one sees that Whitehall writing through the columns of the London *Times* is, like Sir Dhunjishah Cooper, thoroughly satisfied. There is an amazing self-complacency which runs through every line of it. Says the editorial in the *Times*: "Lord Linlithgow has now met the demands of the Congress Party, which were couched in somewhat vague and abstract terms." It is hardly necessary to say that the leader writers of the *Times* have little conception of India and the Congress, if they can make such an utterly ridiculous statement that Lord Linlithgow has met Congress demands. Nor is it correct to say that the Congress made any demands. What it asked for was merely a clarification of Britain's war aims and an idea of the part that India was to play in the new international system, which Britain was trying to set up not only in Britain but in the whole world.

With deep regret one reads the "Manchester Guardian." This broadminded organ of British Liberalism is more easily satisfied than one would have expected it to be. After the leaders that preceded the Viceroy's statement, the present tone of satisfaction which it has adopted is disappointing to those of us who looked upon the "Manchester Guardian" as a paper that would stand more staunchly by India than it has now done. Perhaps blood is always thicker than water.

Only Mr. W. N. Ewer, the special correspondent of the "Daily Herald," strikes the one genuine note in English journalism. It falls to the lot of this paper of the people of Britain, with a circulation of two million copies a day, to utter the only real criticism on the Viceroy's speech.

* * * *

Coming nearer home, the variety of people who have spoken reveals how poor is the leadership of certain parties and interests, who are clogs on the wheel of Indian Freedom. Among those in Bombay which can be read with respect are the utterances of Sir H. P. Mody and Mr. Jamnadas Mehta. The latter summed up his criticism crisply when he said to me: "The goal is clear, but not near." And he hits the nail on the head when he says that the Viceroy is exploiting too long the bogey of communal difference, which is of the British Government's own creation. The Princes and the minorities can always be depended upon to hinder the progress of Indian freedom. And so long as Britain wants to play on that note, it can effectively stall the advent of Indian Self-Government. Sir H. P. Mody contents himself with an analysis

(Continued on page 4, column 4.)

## Future Of Balkans

The friendliness of relations between the U.S.S.R. and Turkey remains. But it is obvious that the recent negotiations have not resulted in the specific agreement that was being sought by Russia and that they have finally broken down. For the Tass Agency itself admits that nothing more was achieved than that "the two Governments reached the conclusion that it was desirable to maintain contact in the future for a joint discussion of questions of interest to the U.S.S.R. and Turkey." And if reports explaining the causes of the break-down are not quite misleading, the Russians tried to over-reach themselves and met with a check. Encouraged by their success in the Baltic they attempted to repeat it with Turkey. They have failed. What is more, the failure apparently extends beyond their relations with Turkey to other Balkan States. It is a blow, at least a temporary one, to their influence and ambitions in the Black Sea. The failure certainly constitutes the first diplomatic defeat—and a considerable one at that—of Russia. But it would not be anything like a very serious defeat were it, on the other hand, only a diplomatic victory for Britain and France which it certainly is and which they have already consolidated by signing the Pact with Turkey.

But an immediate complication has been introduced into the situation by the reported intervention of Italy. In Germany's retirement from the Balkans and Russia's exacting demands Il Duce sees an opportunity to Italy's benefit. As a Belgrade wireless reports:—

> The creation of a Balkan bloc under Italian leadership is expected in Yugoslav political circles.
>
> Political moves are said to be aiming at close co-operation between the Balkan countries for this purpose and co-operation between Turkey and Bulgaria is particularly hoped for.

In spite of the grave pre-occupations of other Powers, Italy cannot, we believe, help herself to hegemony over the Balkan States single-handed. The risk is so grave that she will not take it. But what if, for the purpose of gaining material advantages in that part of Europe, she entered into an agreement with the friends of Rumania and Turkey, namely, Britain and France? Il Duce is a true realist and even more competent in this respect than Her Hitler. He will join the Allies if it suits his purpose—the cry of "Bolshevik menace" to the Mediterranean is already being raised. If that happens Russia's foreign activities during the last eight weeks or so will be in danger of recoiling on herself. Meanwhile, the future of the Balkans is in the balance.

## TÊTE-À-TÊTE

### WITHOUT COMMENT

**Considerable interest has been aroused by an Official Circular, which has been received by the European Clubs in Bombay, intimating that 200 ladies are wanted by Government for jobs as Postal Censors, and inviting European ladies to offer themselves for these jobs.**

**The Circular has not been sent to Clubs with Indian ladies as members.**

* * * *

The London "Times" accuses the Congress Working Committee of having assumed that Britain's war aims included "some sort of forcible extension of the frontiers of democracy".

The organ of Imperial Britain is, of course, wrong. But it is true that the Congress did commit the blunder of assuming that those aims excluded the forcible provocation of extension of the frontiers of democracy.

* * * *

The Qaid-e-Azam promises to "define" the attitude of the Muslim League on October 22.

We eagerly await the exploitation—sorry, explicit.

* * * *

"My knapsack is ready" declares a leading Madras Congressman.

To man the Maginot Line somewhere on the Jail Front?

* * * *

Gandhiji complains that the Congress asked for bread and got stone.

Wrong. It has been given nothing of the kind, but asked to eat cake.

* * * *

According to Jawaharlal and Maulana Azad the whole Viceregal statement "is a complete repudiation of all that India stands for nationally and internationally".

They, too, are mistaken. All that the statement asks India is to please not take the trouble to stand.

* * * *

Defending Lord Linlithgow, Dr. Ambedkar asks: "What else could the Viceroy have done in the circumstances of the case"?

Quite so, quite so. We fully agree with the implied compliment to the 47 Ambedkars.

* * * *

Bhai Parmananda, the Mahasabha leader, considers the "dignified" statement of the Viceroy to be "worthy of the representative of the head of the British Empire in India".

It is literally so. Literally so.

* * * *

And, proceeds Bhaiji, "I find in it no room for adverse criticism".

Perhaps because he fits into it so closely.

* * * *

Talking of the All-India cacoph——pardon, symphony of welcome to the statement, a "confrere" suggests that speculation is rife as to when Sir Sidappa Totappa Kambli will make his artistic contribution to it.

* * * *

Formula for success: stand up to be seen; speak up to be heard; shut up to be appreciated.

### Gandhiji

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Here is a personality gifted beyond level, endowed with glittering treasures of mind and equipped with will and courage.

He is the man whose wheel provides bread to starving millions, whose khadi clads bodies which were in rags and tatters and whose village association gives work to countless hands.

He is the author of non-violence and apostle of truth which moved the bureaucracy and stirred the Imperialism.

The soul of the Congress, brain of the Working Committee and head of the modern India, Mahatma Gandhi is the figure famous the world over.

His technique has roused masses to fight for self-rule. The awakening it created is great which no power on earth can suppress. The technique is satya and ahimsa propelled by Mahatmaji, the liberator of India and benefactor of the world.

His appeal has charm to turn clay into men.

Happy are they who live with him, happier those who are permitted to work with him and happiest they who are privileged to serve him.

Blessed is the race in which he is born, blessed is the land which claims him.—Yours etc.

PATHAK T. K.

# Out To Break Through French Front?

*LONDON, Oct. 18.*

***"WE LEARN FROM BERLIN THAT HITLER HAS DECLARED THAT HE IS PREPARED TO SACRIFICE ONE MILLION MEN TO BREAK THROUGH THE FRENCH FRONT", DECLARED RADIO PARIS.***

### *TRIBUTE TO ALLIES' TACTICS*

PARIS, Oct. 18.

Eminent experts on the Western Front pay a tribute to the past days' tactics inasmuch as the operations have been carried out precisely, according to the plans of the French High Command.

At certain points French units in contact with the enemy resisted without yielding an inch. At other places they were withdrawn in accordance with instructions and everywhere troops punctually executed orders and were in no way compelled by the enemy.

A communique from Paris states, "On the Front there was no change on the whole. There was great activity of reconnoitring units, notably between the Moselle and the Saar."—Reuter.

### *GERMAN REVIEW OF ACTION IN WEST*

BERLIN, Oct. 19.

A German official review claims that 60 enemy aeroplanes, including twelve British, have been brought down on the Western Front since the war began.

The German losses on the Western Front up to October 17 are given as 196 dead, 356 wounded and 114 missing. Twenty-five French officers and 664 non-commissioned officers and men have been taken prisoners.—Reuter.

### *FIRST PART OF FIGHT FINISHED*

BERLIN, Oct. 19.

"The first part of fighting in the west is finished" according to a High Command Communique, which states that between the river Saar and Hornbachbitch road our troops drove the enemy rearguard, which was still on German soil back to and over the frontier after a short fight. On all other parts of the front there was only local artillery and reconnaissance activity. On some spots contact with enemy broke for a short time, because our fighting posts did not cross the frontier.—Reuter.

### *RAINS IMPEDE OPERATIONS*

PARIS, Oct. 19.

Heavy rains falling on the Western Front are impeding land operations and have caused a rise in the waters of the Rhine, which is now in flood.

The flooding appears to be causing the Germans much trouble and the sound of clanking of pumps discharging water out of the defence works of the Siegfried Line is audible night and day from the opposite banks of the Rhine.

It is difficult to launch a serious attack at the present time as the soil is already soaked by a wet summer and there is also a possibility that intense diplomatic activity now in progress may delay the immediate offensive.—Reuter.

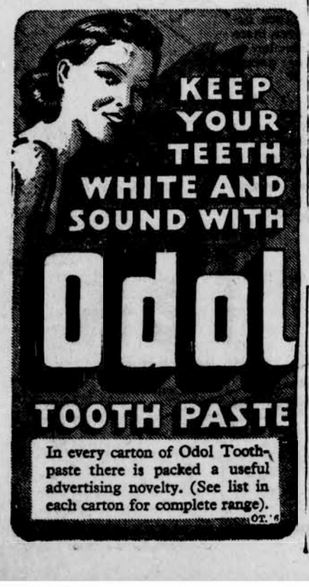
### *NEXT GERMAN MOVE*

LONDON, Oct. 19.

Attempting to forecast the point of the next German attack critics direct attention to the fifteen-mile plain from the Rhine to Wissembourg, which is fairly open though dotted with woods but in which the river Lauter constitutes a barrier.

French reconnaissances recently have been active in this area and have collected numerous prisoners for information. Pilmasens to Merzig is almost wholly industrial, plentiful in roads to facilitate the German advance, but the first weeks of the war enabled French artillery to accurately plot all this sector. Other sectors are hilly and wooded, particularly between the Saar and the Moselle northwards of Merzig and Sierck, where thickly treeclad hillsides descend steeply to the rivers.

Luxembourg reports that the Moselle is rising and the adjoining country is flooded. The Germans are feverishly strengthening the Siegfried line opposite Luxembourg with deep trenches and formidable wire entanglements and are cutting down thousands of trees to widen the field of fire.—Reuter.


KEEP YOUR TEETH WHITE AND SOUND WITH
Odol
TOOTH PASTE
In every carton of Odol Tooth-paste there is packed a useful advertising novelty. (See list in each carton for complete range).

### *"MUST BE FOUGHT TO FINISH"*

LONDON, Oct. 19.

Sir Arnold Wilson, the 55-year-old Member in the House of Commons who on October 10 advocated an armistice, is now convinced that war with Germany must be fought to a finish.

Sir Arnold Wilson expressed the determination "to do his bit."

It is announced he has been passed medically fit and is joining the R.A.F. for flying duties.

Sir Arnold saw a great deal of flying with the R.A.F. while serving in Bagdad in the last war.—Reuter.

### *NO NEUTRAL INTERVENTION*

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 17.

Herr Hitler has abandoned hope of neutral intervention and has issued "final orders for a great attack" according to the Berlin correspondent of "National Tidende." He had a long conference with Naval and Air Chiefs on Monday.—Reuter.

### *R. A. F. FLIGHT OVER NORTH-WEST GERMANY*

LONDON, Oct. 19.

The Royal Air Force last night conducted a successful reconnaissance flight over north-west Germany. The aircraft taking part in it reached their objectives and all returned safely.—Reuter.

### *Survivors From Nazi Bomber*

LONDON, Oct. 19.

It is officially announced that two German airmen in a collapsible rubber dinghy drifted ashore at Whitby to-day after a bomber had been shot down in the North Sea on Tuesday. Both airmen were exhausted and one was wounded in the leg.

They are now in the charge of the police. The other two men in the bomber were killed.—Reuter.

### *REPATRIATION OF GERMANS HELD UP*

PARIS, Oct. 19.

The German ship "Isar" due to leave Riga with the repatriated Germans has postponed her departure indefinitely.

Failure to solve financial difficulties connected with repatriation is alleged to be the reason.—Reuter.

### U. S. A. Bars Belligerent Submarines

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.

President Roosevelt has barred the United States ports territorial waters to belligerent submarines.

President Roosevelt stated that under section eight of the Neutrality Act he had banned American ports territorial waters to belligerent submarines because he had found it would "serve to maintain peace between the United States and foreign Powers and protect the interests of the United States."

Those violating the proclamation can be interned according to experts. Trespassing commanders can be tried under the neutrality act and if convicted will be liable for five years imprisonment and a fine of ten thousand dollars.—Reuter.

# PILGRIMAGE TO JEDDAH

LONDON, October 19.

Some misunderstanding has been caused by the announcement made in India on September 11 of the postponement until further notice, of the sailings from Indian ports to Jeddah in connection with the Hedjaz pilgrimage, states an India Office Communique.

The Communique continues: "This announcement was one of regrettable, but inevitable consequences of the outbreak of war. It was issued as a precautionary measure, only certain sailings being cancelled and these only for a temporary period. Both His Majesty's Government and the Government of India are alive to the great importance of providing adequate facilities for safe transport of Muslims wishing to undertake pilgrimage. Every effort was accordingly made to secure resumption of sailings.

Arrangements have now been made for reservation of certain number of ships for pilgrims from Indian ports. The Government of India are negotiating with shipping companies with a view to settling details.

An announcement has already been made to Press in India that arrangements are being made for resumption of sailings to Hedjaz.—Reuter.

### *ANGLO-TURKISH AGREEMENT*

(Continued from Page 1.)

Ankara agreement. Interest attaches to the question of what attitude Italy will adopt.

Praising Turkey's loyalty "L' Temps" says: Germany has suffered another diplomatic check. The question of Dardenelles was certainly the chief subject of the Moscow talks and that was what caused Germany most concern.—Reuter.

### *ANKARA-ANATOLIA LINKED BY RAIL*

ISTANBUL, Oct. 19.

Most of the Ministers and many deputies left Ankara for Erzerum, Armenia, to attend the opening of a railroad between Sivas and Erzerum, linking Ankara with East Anatolia via Kays Eri and Sivas.

This is considered to be of great strategic importance, because it will enable the rapid movement of troops and war materials to and from East Anatolia, where most important Army Corps are usually concentrated.—Reuter.

### "VICEROY & WAR CRISIS

#### To-day's Public Meeting At Matunga

Under the auspices of the Bombay Congress Socialist Party, a public meeting will be held to-day (Friday) at 8-45 p.m. (S.T.) at Napoo Gardens, Matunga, when speeches will be delivered on "The Viceroy and the War Crisis." Mr. Ashok Mehta will preside, and the speakers will be Mr. M. R. Masani and Mr. Yusuf J. Meherally.

### TRIBUTE TO "SUBLIME CALM OF TURKS"

BUCHAREST, Oct. 19.

Praise for the sublime calm of the Turks is frequently heard in political and diplomatic circles where it is stated the Turks are capable of talking and listening all day and finally saying simply "no".

The postponement of the meeting of M. Sarajoglu and M. Gafencu is considered natural but it is expected they will meet shortly. Such a meeting probably will be preceded by a meeting between M. Gafencu and M. Kiossewanoff, the Bulgarian Prime Minister.

Responsible quarters of the Balkan entente countries are arguing it would be to Bulgaria's advantage to join the entente.

Hitherto attempts to persuade her to do so have failed mainly due to her territorial claims against Rumania. It is declared she might gain certain of her claims with the aid of Germany or Russia but only by virtually losing her independence.—Reuter.

### SOVIET-LATVIAN PACT SEQUEL

LONDON, Oct. 18

Threefold expansion of the Soviet-Latvian trade is provided for in the Soviet-Latvian Trade Treaty signed at Moscow yesterday.

The pact also provides for a large increase in the transit of Soviet goods through Latvian ports.—Reuter.

*"LIMBDI DAY"*

# TERRORISM MUST BE STOPPED

## Call To Thakore Saheb To Concede People's Just Demands

**Resolutions continuing an economic boycott especially of Limbdi cotton and calling upon the Paramount Power to do its duty by the people of Limbdi were passed at a mammoth meeting held at Popatwadi in observance of the "Limbdi Day" on Thursday night.**

**Mr. S. A. Brelvi presided. Congratulatory messages were received from Madras residents of Limbdi.**

INDIA AND WAR AIMS

In the course of his speech Mr. Brelvi referred to the European war which was stated to be in the interests of upholding democracy and freedom. The Indian ruling princes also had offered their services and resources to the Empire that freedom and democracy might be preserved. But it was to be deplored that the very princes were against freedom and democracy in their own States. They must not however, forget that the struggle of the Congress for freedom of India meant that freedom was to be won not merely for British India alone but for the whole country. Mr. Brelvi urged the Thakore of Limbdi, if he was genuinely anxious to reconcile the people to himself to concede the just demands of the people.

ECONOMIC BOYCOTT

The following resolution on the economic boycott was moved by Mr. Manilal Sheth and was seconded by Mr. Shantilal.

This public meeting of the citizens of Bombay appeals to the Merchants and mill-owners to hold out the economic boycott, especially of Limbdi cotton, which has already proved successful.

"REIGN OF TERROR"

The following resolution was moved by Mr. Durlabji Umedchand and was seconded by Jayantilal Lathi:—"This public meeting of the citizens of Bombay views with grave concern the continued and increasing reign of terror and repression in Limbdi State. The undisputed facts prove that there is no rule of Law, or any safety of person or property left in Limbdi State. The ruler has disregarded the appeals of Mahatma Gandhi to make peace with his people. The Paramount Power has remained for over eight months a silent spectator. The Paramount Power owes a duty to the people of Limbdi State to hold an impartial inquiry into the charges made against the ruler. The conditions in Limbdi State have affected the adjoining British territory, and the lives and property of its residents. The Congress Government needs to exercise greater vigilance for the protection of the lives and property of its subjects.

This meeting draws the attention of the Paramount Power to the lawless conditions in Limbdi State, and asks the Paramount Power to do its duty to the people of Limbdi. This meeting also appeals to the Thakore Saheb of Limbdi to listen to the appeals of Mahatma Gandhi and improve the situation before it is too late.

This meeting expresses its profound sympathy with the people of Limbdi and offers its hearty congratulations to those who have bravely resisted the forces of repression against heavy odds.

PLEA FOR UNITY.

Dr. Chandulal Desai who addressed the gathering, while deprecating the repression in Limbdi, exhorted the public of Limbdi to stand united as a critical period was ahead in freedom struggle of India. The States people should play their role in a fitting manner, especially the youth. They should offer full co-operation to the Congress.

Mr. Dinkarrao Desai expressed his sympathy with the people of Limbdi and hoped that whatever call the Congress made would be responded to by all patriotic Indians.

Mr. Samaldas Gandhi pressed for the acceleration of the economic boycott. He deprecated the actions of certain people who were co-operating with Limbdi authorities and said that a struggle for freedom did not rest upon a few such individuals.

Sardar Prithvi Singh, who was called upon to speak, exhorted the "Soldiers of Swaraj" to take to Khadi.

The resolutions were carried unanimously.

The proceedings came to a close with 'Vande Matharam'.

# WARSHIPS FIGHT 'PLANES

## Thrilling North Sea Encounters

***Six warships were seen fighting 12 'planes in the North Sea according to a report from the Dutch island of Schiermonnikoog.***

***The report states that gunfire was clearly audible but the nationality of the 'planes and the warships was not known.***

### *HEAVY FIRING NEAR KIEL*

#### *Engagement Throughout Wednesday*

**COPENHAGEN: Oct. 19.**

**The population of Langeland heard heavy firing all day long yesterday in the direction of Fehmarn, North-east of Kiel.—Reuter.**

### *BRITAIN'S SEIZURES OF CONTRABAND*

LONDON, Oct. 19.

The British seizures of contraband destined for Germany in the week ending October 14 included 5,900 tons of copra, 2,000 tons of phosphates, 1,800 tons of coffee, 1,800 tons of lead, 1,150 tons of steel scrap, 1,000 tons each of manganese, rubber, soyabean and other oils and cereals. Total seizures of contraband in the first six weeks of war are now 338,000 tons.—Reuter.

### *Survivors Of "Yorkshire"*

LONDON, Oct. 19.

Meagre details have hitherto reached London regarding the loss of the "Yorkshire". Owing to wartime conditions, the number of passengers is unknown but it is believed to be small.

An official of the company interviewed by Reuter said that the crew numbered 165 and indicated that most of the passengers and crew were safe aboard the "Independence Hall."—Reuter.

### Survivors Proceeding To French Port

LONDON, Oct. 19.

It is stated that "Independence Hall" with 300 survivors from "Yorkshire" and the "City of Mandalay" is now proceeding to a French port.

Forty-five passengers and twenty-eight crew were injured aboard the President "Harding" due to a gale in the Atlantic.

### *POLISH SUBMARINE AT BRITISH PORT*

LONDON, Oct. 19.

The Polish submarine "Lownzel", which escaped from Tallinn and landed her guard in Sweden arrived at a British port on October 14.—Reuter.

### IRAN'S RELATIONS WITH JAPAN

#### Treaty Of Friendship Signed

TEHERAN, Oct. 19.

It is announced that a Treaty of Friendship between Iran and Japan was signed last night.—Reuter.

### Air Raid Precautions In Netherlands

LONDON, Oct. 19.

Air Raid precaution in the Netherlands are being intensified.

Gas masks will be on sale from Monday and the Government is spending £170,000 on air raid shelters and other precautions.—Reuter.

Will It Turn To Fiery ECZEMA?

*Soothe & Heal Your Skin With ZAM-BUK.*

THOSE tiny, itchy spots, rashes or rough patches are the early stages of eczema, psoriasis and other serious skin disorders. So don't neglect any soreness or irritation, but smear Zam-Buk Ointment on your skin regularly, every night. This not only prevents dangerous complications, but soon makes your skin sound and healthy again. The valuable herbal oils in Zam-Buk are easily absorbed into the tissues. Thus it gets to the root of skin disease, soothes away pain and reduces inflammation, swelling and redness. Poison germs are overpowered by Zam-Buk's antiseptic action. It dries up unpleasant discharges and finally heals without a scar. Keep a box always handy!

★ ★ ★

*GUARANTEED FREE FROM ANIMAL FAT. Price One Rupee or Rs. 2-4 at all medicine dealers.*

Use ZAM-BUK HERBAL OINTMENT 2108

SPARKLING TEETH— The pride of every woman

General Weakness and Weakness during Pregnancy, Nervous Irritability, Infectious Diseases, Weak Teeth, Skin Troubles, Anaemia, Feminine Complaints

—Kalzana removes all these troubles in an amazingly short time.

Bad teeth mean bad health. Weak and yellowish teeth and bleeding gums are signs of tooth decay, which affects your whole bodily health. Brushing the teeth and washing the mouth alone cannot remove the cause. That lies much deeper and is due to a lack of vital minerals. You must strengthen your teeth *from within* by giving them the right food—an abundance of vital minerals.

Kalzana contains calcium, the very substance of which your teeth are made—and contains it in a form which your blood and tissues can easily assimilate, so that not only your teeth are kept sound, but your skin remains fresh and healthy.

Just before a baby comes and during nursing, Kalzana is *essential* to prevent tooth decay and weakness and to make sure that baby will have strong bones and sound teeth.

KALZANA

THE MINERAL FOOD FOR BETTER HEALTH

*At all Chemists and Bazars*

HOLLAND IMPORT

### *AGA KHAN'S RACING INTERESTS*

LONDON, October 19.

It is understood, the Aga Khan is considerably reducing his racing interests.

The reduction is consequent on racing in England being at a standstill and France provides few opportunities for high-class horses to win appropriate races.

It is estimated the Aga Khan's bloodstock is worth 350,000 sterling normally.—Reuter.

### Bandra-Point Murder Victim's Body Identified

Enquiries go to show that the body of the victim of the Bandra-point murder case has been identified.

# Unanimous Condemnation Of Viceroy's Statement

## Savarkar, Nariman, & M. N. Roy On Linlithgow's "Vague Phrases"

## MADRAS PREMIER'S RESOLUTION FOR ASSEMBLY

A meeting of the Madras Legislative Assembly has been summoned to meet at 11 a.m. on October 26. The notice of the meeting to M.L.A.'s does not mention the business to be transacted.

It is learnt, however, that the only business before the meeting will be the consideration of a resolution of which the Prime Minister is expected to give notice within the next few days similar to the Congress Working Committee's statement on India's attitude towards the war, with an additional clause expressing an opinion on the Viceroy's statement on the Working Committee's demand for a declaration of Britain's war aims.

### DON'T CARE ATTITUDE OF DEFIANCE

#### K. F. Nariman On Viceroy's Statement

Mr. K. F. Nariman, M.L.A., has issued the following statement:—

The Viceroy has very cleverly forestalled the Congress Ministries before the threatened resolutions could be moved, he has precipitated the much awaited Declaration. The moving of Resolutions would now be like the flogging of a dead horse! It must have given great shock and completely disillusioned Pandit Jawaharlal and his newly created 'War-Council.' He had recently developed a new faith in British sense of justice and fairplay; this declaration is bound to extinguish this newly-kindled optimism. They once again find themselves between 'the Devil and the Deep sea' and driven to make a choice between Imperialism and Fascism; they must reject both.

The 'New Order' so far as India is concerned, means the reiteration of British Imperialism; to destroy Hitlerism in the West, means revival of Imperialism in the East, and India is called upon to contribute liberally and generously to the formation of that anomalous kind of New Order.'

In a nut-shell, the Viceroy's declaration amounts to "trust us in spite of former breaches; offer tremendous sacrifices for the liberation of others in spite of your poverty and present distress; and tin-Gods willing, everything will be all right at some distant date."

When such opposite poles in politics and ideologies, like the Mahasabha and Muslim League, the Harijans and the Sanatanists and the Congress and the Liberals are separately interviewed and pressed to express their viewpoints, is it really surprising that there should be divergency of views: it was apprehended that with the multiplicity of interviews, there was bound to be duplicity in the Viceregal Declaration.

The statement is so re-actionary and disappointing, that even Mahatmaji with all his zeal and desire to avoid conflict, dare not recommend it to the Country or Congress for acceptance. Far from any trace or honest effort for appeasement, it betrays a 'Don't care' attitude of defiance.

After all Subhas Babu has once again proved to be a more reliable political prophet: Leftists neither entertained any hopes nor had any illusions, hence they are spared bitter disappointment. Subhas knew and anticipated that all these trips and talks would end in a big zero! Nay, as far as the Congress is concerned, it is even worse than zero. The Declaration reduces the National Congress to one of the many political Parties in India and officially discards and smashes the claim of the Congress to represent the whole of political India. Instead of assuring the future political status of India, the camouflage has only resulted in reducing and lowering the prestige and position of Indian National Congress.

As Gandhiji has aptly put it, the Congress asked for bread and it got a big blocking stone instead.

### VICEROY'S STATEMENT WILL TELL ON TRADE

#### Views Of Bombay Indian Merchants' Chamber Chief

Interviewed regarding the Viceroy's declaration, Mr. J. C. Setalvad, President of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, Bombay, said:—

The statement has proved most disappointing, as beyond a reference to the almost forgotten preamble and the Act of 1919, and the statements made by Lord Irwin in 1929 and by Sir Samuel Hoare in 1935, there is no committal on the part of the British Government for declaring that Dominion Status will be conferred on India at once, or at all events on the successful termination of the war and the Statute of Westminster applied to it without any reservation.

LACK OF GESTURE.

If the British Government had shown the slightest sympathetic response to the demands, hopes and aspirations of the Indian people, at this stage, India would have stood like one man to the help of the world's democratic forces. In the statement His Excellency proposes some machinery, whereby Indian leaders will be in touch with His Excellency the Viceroy with regard to the conduct of the war, but even here the proposals still are in an inchoate form; the better method would have been perhaps to form a War Cabinet, consisting of leading representatives of the Congress and the Muslim League. The statement thus lacks any good gesture and will not serve the end for which it has been issued.

The repercussions consequent on the present attitude of His Majesty's Government will be tremendous and will seriously affect trade, commerce and industry. Will it be too much to expect that some way may still be found to meet the point of view of all nationalist elements in the country?

### "NEUTRALITY SHOULD BE DECLARED"

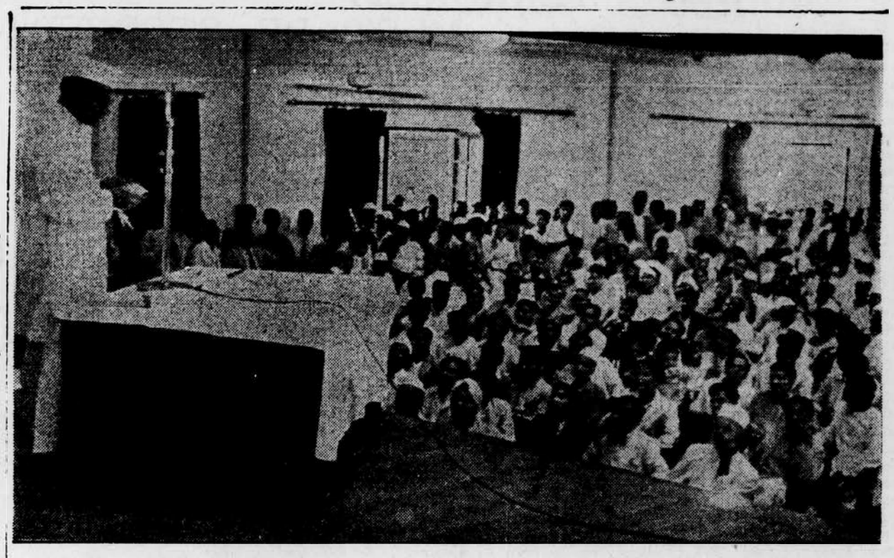
#### Radical Congressmen's Views

DEHRA DUN, Oct. 19.

In a press statement on Viceroy's declaration Mr. M. N. Roy said that the Central Executive of the League of Radical Congressmen was sitting when a declaration would be made. They decided to suggest the Congress policy at the present juncture in a letter to the Congress Working Committee.

The Radical Congressmen were of opinion that Viceroy's declaration and Mr. Chamberlain's latest speech showed deplorable change in British war and peace aims. Britain's ostensible war aims having been dropped and the Congress claim regarding India's status not admitted, Congress must withdraw its previous offer and conduct energetically India's struggle for freedom completely indifferent of other peoples' quarrels.

As far as the Congress was concerned, Mr. Roy added, should declare neutrality and apply itself to the supreme task of preparing for decisive struggle for freedom.—United Press.



The Hon. Mr. B. G. Kher addressing the gathering in the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall held to celebrate the Nada Habba or national festival of Karnatak.

### POONA PRESS CONDEMNS VICEROY'S STATEMENT

POONA, October 19.

The Poona Press unanimously condemns the Viceregal pronouncement.

Mr. Shankerrao Deo, a member of the Congress Working Committee, in a signed editorial in the "Lokshakti", a Congress organ, characterises the pronouncement as unacceptable. The promised post-war negotiations for modifying Federation Scheme on the basis on the 1919 Act preamble, he observed, denies India the right of self-determination.

LIBERALS' VIEW

The "Dnyan Prakash", a Liberal organ, says that the pronouncement betrays the lack of statesmanship in that Britain which is fighting for independence of outside European country like Poland, is not prepared even to give immediate Dominion Status to India in her Commonwealth. The statement, it adds, cannot satisfy the Congress.

Mr. S. L. Karandikar, M.L.A., in a signed editorial in the "Trikal" characterises the Viceregal statement as a challenge to India and urges it being taken up. The Viceroy's admission of the success of Provincial Autonomy, he points out, contradicts his reference to communal differences and minority problems.

GOOD FOR UNITY

The "Sakal" characterises the announcement as good omen to Indian independence and hopes that it will bring home to the heart of every Indian the necessity of national unity. The Congress Ministries, adds the paper, must answer the insult by immediate resignations.—United Press.

### "WORDY MIRAGE"

#### Savarkar On Viceroy's Statement

BOMBAY, Thursday.

"The statement issued by the Viceroy regarding Britain's policy towards India with reference to the present war situation is disappointing to a degree," says Mr. V. D. Savarkar, President of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha, in a statement to the Press on the Viceroy's declaration

Mr. Savarkar adds: "The Viceroy refers to the old and often discarded declaration that India's ultimate goal is Dominion Status, made sometime in 1919 A. D. It has not materialised during the last 20 years and was almost forgotten till the war broke out. The present repetition of those same vague phrases may share the same fate if things are allowed to drift in this manner by India till another war breaks out some 20 years hence.

WORDY MIRAGE.

"H. E. the Viceroy should realise that India is sick of running after this wordy mirage. She refuses to look upon Dominion Status as an ultimate goal, but instead insists upon it as an immediate step to be taken. A constitution based on that Status must be conceded by Britain to India just at the end of this war at the latest. The definite and shortest time limit to the actual introduction of this constitution was the essential thing which was expected by Indian political world and it is precisely this very point that has been studiously omitted in the statement made by His Excellency.

"Even now it is not too late to mend. The British Government must bear in mind that India can never extend willing cooperation unless she feels that the cause of her own freedom is likely to be served in a substantial measure by offering responsive co-operation to Britain."

### Delhi Support To Congress Cabinet

NEW DELHI, Oct. 19.

At a meeting of prominent Congress workers of Delhi held at Congress Office, with Mr. Asaf Ali in the chair, a resolution was adopted assuring the Working Committee of all possible support and united response to the call of the country the moment marching orders are given and further assuring the Provincial Congress Committee full co-operation in any activity to be launched in pursuance of the Working Committee directions.—United Press.

### Subhas Abandons Visit To Abbottabad

PESHAWAR, Oct. 19.

According to a telegram received from Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose he has cancelled his proposed visit to Abbottabad to preside over the Provincial Forward Bloc Conference, owing to the situation developing in the country.—United Press.

### Immeasurably Short Of Nation's Demand

BOMBAY, Thursday.

"To no Congressman, to no Indian imbued with a sense of national honour and self-respect can the Viceroy's proposals be acceptable".

Thus observed Mr. H. V. Kamath, I.C.S. (resigned), Organising Secretary of the Forward Bloc, in the course of a statement on the pronouncement of the Viceroy.

Continuing Mr. Kamath says that the Viceroy's proposals do not merit a moment's examination. "The formation of an 'ad hoc' Consultative Committee falls immeasurably short of the National Demand. Our leaders should decline any invitation to enter into further discussion with the Viceroy on the basis of his present pronouncement."

### Students' Secretary On Viceroy's Statement

Mr. M. L. Shah, Secretary, All-India Students' Federation, writes:—

The statement issued by the Governor-General has come as a shock to the Indian Nation and has been rightly condemned as mere waste of words not even worth the paper on which it is written when compared with the demand of the Indian National Congress.

I appeal to my colleagues and friends of the Students' Federation to stand four-square by our decisions and demand. The proud and privileged moment for which we were anxiously waiting has come at last. Let not the history say that we did not play our part well. All under the Tri-Colour.

### Frontier Premier Will Carry Out Congress Orders

PESHAWAR, Oct. 19.

"We are here to act and not to talk. We are ready for anything. Let orders come".

This cryptic remark was made by the Hon. Dr. Khan Sahib, the Premier, interviewed by the "United Press" on the Viceroy's statement.—United Press.

### Punjab P. C. C. And Viceroy's Statement

LAHORE, October 19.

At a meeting of the Working Committee of the Punjab Provincial Congress Committee held today a Sub-Committee was appointed to prepare a statement on the Viceroy's declaration.

Another Sub-Committee was appointed to negotiate for a settlement with the Ahrars.—United Press.

### ENLISTMENT IN ARMED FORCES

#### Position Of Indians, Anglo-Indians & Burmans In England

LONDON, Oct. 18..

Lord Zetland announced in the House of Lords that His Majesty's Government have decided that during the present emergency, Indians, Anglo-Indians and Burmans who are in England are on the same footing as British subjects of pure European descent as regards voluntary enlistment in armed forces and as regards eligibility to be considered for grant of emergency commission in those forces.

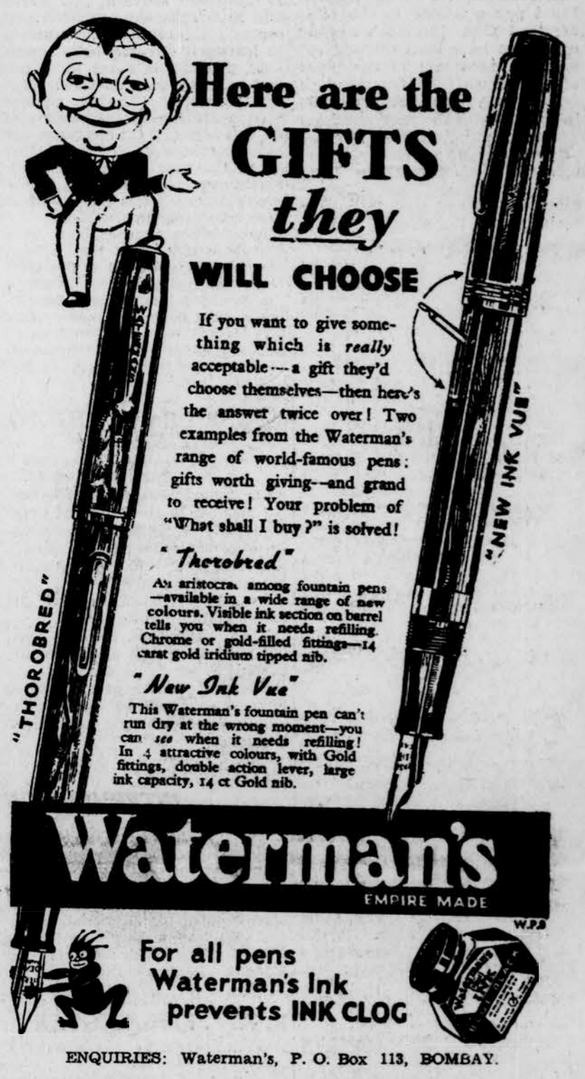
The principle applied to the case of all the three services, Navy, Army and R. A. F.—Reuter.

### ITALIAN 'PLANE CRASH

#### Ten Passengers And Five Crew Were Killed

ROME, Oct. 19.

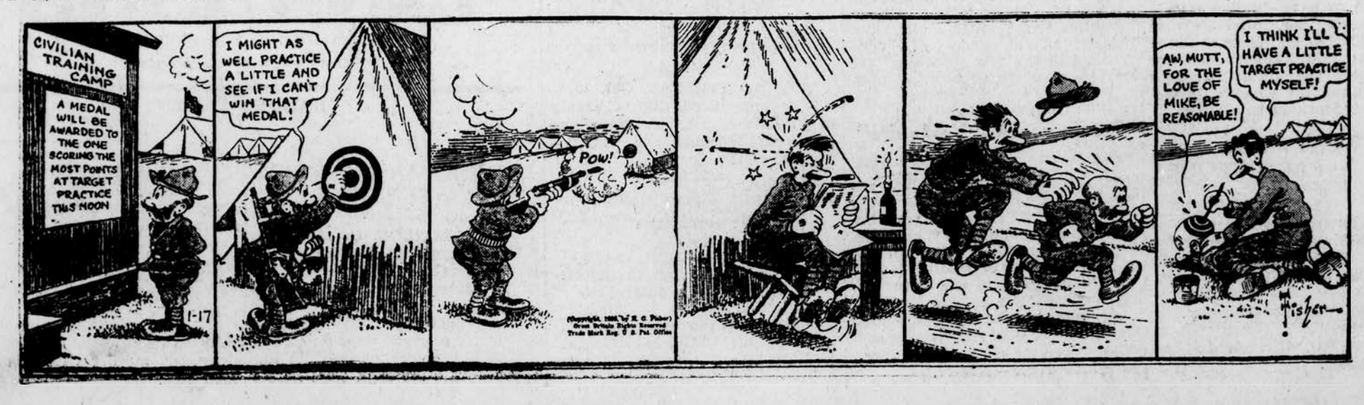
Ten passengers and five crew were killed when an Italian airliner crashed on the mountainside near Malaga on the Seville-Melilla service.—Reuter.



Here are the GIFTS they WILL CHOOSE
If you want to give something which is really acceptable—a gift they'd choose themselves—then here's the answer twice over! Two examples from the Waterman's range of world-famous pens: gifts worth giving—and grand to receive! Your problem of "What shall I buy?" is solved!
"Thorobred"
An aristocrat among fountain pens—available in a wide range of new colours. Visible ink section on barrel tells you when it needs refilling. Chrome or gold-filled fittings—14 carat gold iridium tipped nib.
"New Ink Vue"
This Waterman's fountain pen can't run dry at the wrong moment—you can see when it needs refilling! In 4 attractive colours, with Gold fittings, double action lever, large ink capacity, 14 ct Gold nib.
"THOROBRED"
"NEW INK VUE"
Waterman's
EMPIRE MADE
For all pens Waterman's Ink prevents INK CLOG
ENQUIRIES: Waterman's, P. O. Box 113, BOMBAY.

GLEAMING TEETH OFTEN HIDE DECAY
Constant rubbing of the teeth with fingers and water, will produce the effect of cleanliness and white teeth. No human finger can, however, dislodge the remains of food wedged between the teeth or behind them.
The use of a stick is liable to damage the enamel. This method may dislodge the food remains between the front teeth only, but will never reach behind the teeth. Moreover, there is always a risk of infection as the stick may carry germs.
With the aid of the dental profession, Tek designed the "short head" toothbrush, which is the only completely safe way of keeping your mouth clean and healthy by reaching behind your teeth and removing every particle of decaying food.
Tek
(or Tek Junior for Children)
Sterilised, in sealed container
—6 colours.—
ALSO—Johnson's Baby Powder, Baby Soap and Baby Cream, Johnson's Pure Wool Soap and Powder, Zo Adhesive Plaster, Band-Aid, Modess Sanitary Towels, Chiko-Gyral and Johnson's Belladerma Plasters
Guaranteed Products of Johnson & Johnson (Gt. Britain) Limited, Slough.


MUTT AND JEFF—And from Then On All Was Quiet Along the Potomac

By BUD FISHER


CIVILIAN TRAINING CAMP
A MEDAL WILL BE AWARDED TO THE ONE SCORING THE MOST POINTS AT TARGET PRACTICE THIS NOON
I MIGHT AS WELL PRACTICE A LITTLE AND SEE IF I CAN'T WIN THAT MEDAL!
POW!
AW, MUTT, FOR THE LOVE OF MIKE, BE REASONABLE!
I THINK I'LL HAVE A LITTLE TARGET PRACTICE MYSELF!
Fisher

WONDER CURE for
SORE-THROAT
and allied ailments such as :—colds, headache, influenza, malaria, other fevers, infections and epidemics including cholera.
It is a powerful germicide, diaphoretic, alleye pains and does not only give immediate relief but effects a permanent cure. It is admirable as a preventive also. Price Re. 2/8. 1/4. Sample Anas 8.
Send for a Sample costing Anas 8 only or get it from a nearest good dealer.
AMRITDHARA
AMRITDHARA PHARMACY,
AMRITDHARA BUILDINGS - AMRITDHARA ROAD. AMRITDHARA POST OFFICE LAHORE.
Agents:—
CHIMANLALL P. SHAH,
Princess Street, Bombay 2.

# Attempts To Reduce Claims Of Creditors

## Mr. Kunte's Amendment To Clause Governing History Of Transactions

An omnibus amendment to which several other amendments were tabled by other members, as moved by Mr. O. K. Kunte (Congress) to clause 40 of the Agricultural Debtors' Relief Bill, when discussion on it, was resumed in the Bombay Legislative Assembly, on Thursday.

The Hon. Mr. G. V. Mavlankar, Speaker of the Assembly, was in the chair.

Clause 40 of the Bill laid down that the history of the transactions should be looked into and gave in detail the mode of taking accounts. It further stated that all amounts by every service, cash or profit paid by the debtor should be first credited to the accounts of interest and if there was any balance, then it should be credited to the accounts of the principal. The rule generally applied to the joint Hindu family that in no case, should the amount found due, be double the principal was sought to be made applicable to all.

Further, it was also sought to reduce the claim of a creditor, if it was found on reasonable ground, by the Debt Adjustment Board that the creditor had in his possession books of account and was not producing them before the court. It should be, then, presumed by the court that those books of account which were not produced were unfavourable to the creditor.

REDUCTION BY 40 P. C.

Mr. D. K. Kunte, then, moved an amendment, which sought to reduce both principal and interest by 40 per cent. in sums due before January 1, 1930 and the interest to be calculated was to be at 12 per cent., if agreed, whichever was less. Interest was to be calculated at simple interest.

Mr. Nagindas T. Master (Congress), then, moved another amendment to Mr. Kunte's amendment seeking to make 30 per cent. reduction in sums borrowed after January 1, 1930 and before January 1, 1931. On all principal found due after reduction and on all debts contracted after January 1, 1931, the rate of interest was to be calculated at 9 per cent. or if agreed upon, whichever was less.

Mr. Mohommed Cassim Mitha (Muslim League) moved an amendment to Mr. Kunte's amendment by which he wanted interest to be charged at a flat rate of 4 per cent and seeking to reduce the principal also.

Mr. G. K. Phadke, by another amendment to Mr. Kunte's amendment, wanted to reduce the interest by 30 per cent.

Mr. R. A. Khedgikar by a further amendment to Mr. Kunte's amendment wanted reduction to be made applicable to all debts before January, 1, 1939 and the rate of interest was to be calculated at 6 per cent.

Mr. Kunte accepted Mr. Nagindas Master's amendment and rejected the rest. The attempt made in his amendment, he explained, was to see that the agriculturist was not hit hard by the fall of prices and equally enable him to get compensation with regard to the dues from him.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta moved an amendment seeking to reduce the rate of interest from 9 per cent. before January 1, 1931, to 6 per cent. He stated that relief should have been given during 1930-34 as there was catastrophic fall in agricultural prices, during that period.

LATTHE'S REPLY

Mr. A. B. Latthe, replying to the criticisms, pointed out that fall in prices of agricultural produce set in about the year 1930 and the prices settled down in 1931. He further pointed out that if 40 per cent. reduction in 1931 was exactly in proportion, as far as possible, to the fall in prices of agricultural produce and if it could be entirely justified by the economic conditions prevailing at the time, the amendment of Mr. Nagindas Master intended to give some relief to a creditor, who had advanced money just at a time when fall in prices had set in. It was unjust, he added, to fix the same reduction in the case of those who advanced loans at a time when prices had settled down.

With regard to other amendments of the Opposition members, the Finance Minister stated that the object of the clause was not to give relief by reducing the rate of interest below a reasonable amount. The attempt to reduce that rate of interest was not justified.

Discussion on the clause was not concluded, when the House adjourned till Friday (to-day).

## Goa Lottery To Be Banned

The Bombay Government will introduce legislation in this session, provided there is time, for prohibiting sale of Goa Lottery tickets in Bombay. This announcement was made by Dr. Gilder in the Legislative Assembly replying to a question on the subject.

The Minister further stated that the Government was aware that one Reverend Father Campos was carrying on propaganda in Bombay against the proposed legislation. The Minister denied that the Portuguese authorities had brought any influence to bear upon the Government for not introducing the said legislation.

Replying to supplementary questions, the Minister said that 15 per cent. of the lottery proceeds were said to be devoted to charity. About 10 lakhs every year, it was stated were being drained away from the city. Concluding he said that the draft bill was now undergoing final touches.

# IBN SAUD & WAR

## German Consul To Be Given Passport

(From Our Own Correspondent.)
CAIRO, (By Air Mail.)

It is understood that the Government of Egypt is discussing with Yemen and Saudi Arabia the possibility of signing a defence pact to cope, in case of emergency, with the protection of the Arabian coasts at Red Sea.

Although the Government of H. M. King Ibn Saud, says a report published here, have not yet been issued any official statement about their attitude to the present war, it is learnt that H. M. King Ibn Saud at an early date hand over the German Minister of German Legation at Jeddah his passport. Well-informed Arab circles at Mecca declared that H. M. King Ibn Suad refused a few months ago to grant the Nazi Government any concession in the discovered petroleum area in the Saudi Arabia and granted the same to an American Company.

## *TWO KILLED IN FACTION FIGHT*

LAHORE, Oct. 19.

Two men were killed and several others injured in a fierce fight between two parties of agriculturists in Jamsher Kalan, a village near Lahore.

It appears that a dispute arose between the parties over a piece of land. The members of one party, who were armed with deadly weapons, challenged the other party. A free fight ensued in which spears and other lethal weapons were used with the result that one man from each side was killed on the spot, while several others sustained serious injuries.

A police posse has been sent to the village to restore order.—A. P.

# Fate Of Amendments To Tenancy Bill

## *BOMBAY COUNCIL PASSES SECOND READING*

**BOMBAY, Thursday.**

**After wading through a long list of amendments totalling 215, the Bombay Legislative Council completed to-day the consideration of the 31 clauses of the Tenancy Bill during the second reading and postponed the final voting on the measure till Friday.**

The changes effected by the Upper House in the Bill as it emerged from the Legislative Assembly were of a minor nature. The landlords' representatives in the Council tried their utmost to alter materially the vital clauses concerning the fixing of the maximum rent of the land held by a protected tenant as also those which set forth the conditions under which a protected tenant can be evicted. But the efforts which manifested themselves in the form of over 100 amendments, went in vain, the House having rejected as many as 98 amendments. The only two that met with the approval of the House were of a minor character.

The Opposition championed the landlords' interests again to-day and moved over 50 amendments to Clause No. 19 and the remaining twelve clauses of the Bill, which came up for consideration. The amendments were either thrown out or withdrawn.

INAMDARS' INTERESTS

Mr. Narsingrao Desai, who was the author of the majority of the amendments, sought, as a last resort, to safeguard the interests of Inamdars by moving an amendment to Clause 30 which is virtually a deletion of Sec. 88 and 94 of the Bombay Land Revenue Code. Mr. Narsingrao Desai's amendment was that in the matter of the recovery of Inamdars' dues in Inam villages, the village officers should be authorised to use all the coercive measures to recover land revenue as was done in Government villages. The amendment of course met with the same fate as the majority of the amendments moved by the Opposition.

The House accepted only one amendment to Clause 19 which entitled a protected tenant whose tenancy is terminated to a compensation for the trees planted by him. The amendment laid down that a tenant shall not be entitled to such compensation if the tenancy is terminated by surrender on the part of the tenant.

A series of amendments were moved to another vital clause, which lays down that no agricultural lease should be granted for less than ten years. The Opposition sought to lessen the period but the amendments did not meet with the approval of the House.

The voting on the third reading of the Bill was postponed till to-morrow as the Opposition Benches expressed a desire to speak on the third reading.

RUN FOR YOUR LIFE!

This imaginary monster looks fierce and dangerous, but you could run away from it. You can't run away from germs—the deadly germs which cause illness and disease. You can't even see them, they're so tiny, yet they're all about you, ready to destroy.

You, your family, everyone needs protection, and antiseptic protection which Lifebuoy Soap can give. Clean your house with Lifebuoy, wash with Lifebuoy—wash away those destructive germs with the dust and dirt in which they breed. Lifebuoy wages war with germs—with rich antiseptic Lifebuoy lather you can keep safe.

LIFEBUOY SOAP

MADE IN INDIA FROM PURE VEGETABLE OILS ONLY.

L 2-38 LEVER BROTHERS (INDIA) LIMITED

What!
REDUCE THE COST OF WALKING?
CERTAINLY, WITH TEJ!

THE quicker your shoes or chappals wear out, the more they cost you—the longer you can make them last, the more you save.

By regularly using Tej Boot Polish you will gain many months of extra wear, for besides polishing brilliantly Tej sinks into the leather making it supple and long-lived.

Using Tej is a double economy—you save on the shoes and you save on the polish, for Tej costs less than any other brand on the market.

Tej is entirely Swadeshi. It is available in two sizes and three colours in tins; viz., Black, Tan and Dark Tan.

TATA TOMCO SALES DEPT. P. O. Box 528, Bombay.

Approved for use by Army Head Quarters
THE TATA OIL MILLS CO., LTD., TATAPURAM & BOMBAY

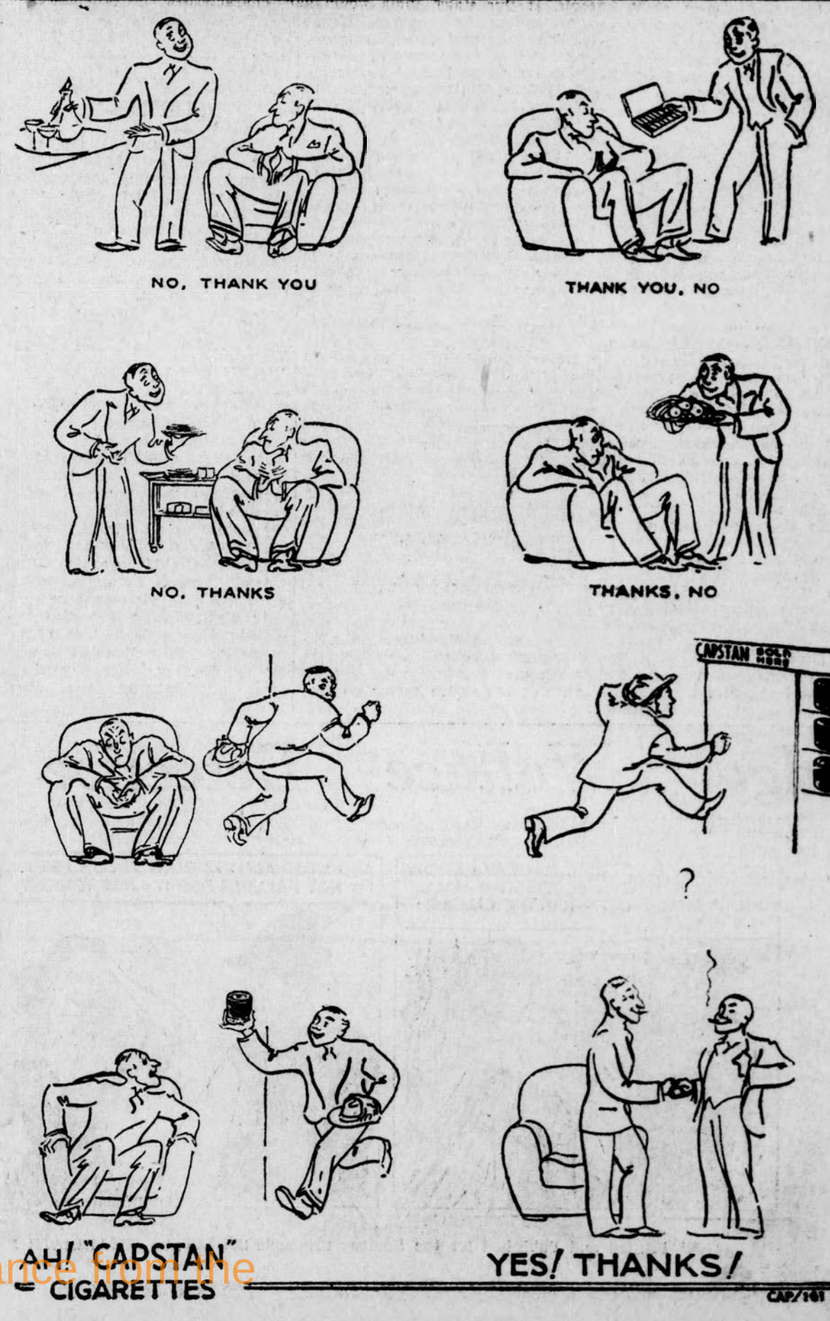
forget that oldtime

KITCHEN JOKER
MRS. "40 egg" BEETON

THE preparation and cooking of food is an art that always moves with the times. In the bad old days, Mrs. Beeton's recipes produced as many bankruptcies as good dishes, if attempted by any but the arrogant rich. Nowadays, we use Brown & Polson's products to give us as good or better food at a fraction of the cost.... It is really marvellous what can be done with Patent Cornflour or Raisley-Custard in making any of a hundred every-day dishes. Get their free Cookery Book of Indian recipes.

and leave good food and cooking to

BROWN & POLSON
PATENT CORNFLOUR ★ RAISLEY CUSTARD
CORN PRODUCTS CO. (India) LTD., Currimbhoy House, Waudby Road, Bombay.




Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 17 April, 2017

CONSULT
**POWELLS**
for
ARTIFICIAL LIMBS, TRUSSES, BELTS & FOR ALL KINDS OF DEFORMITIES
**POWELLS LIMITED**
Lamington Road, Bombay 4



Regd. No. B 1063

# The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

BOMBAY: FRIDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1939



**DENABANK**
6-Year & 3-Year
CASH CERTIFICATES.
Yield 3½ per cent. & 2 3/4 per cent respectively.
In various denominations from Rs. 10 to Rs. 5,000.
*Invest Rs. 8-4 and Receive Rs. 10 after Six Years.*
For fuller particulars apply to
**DEVKARAN NANJEE BANKING CO., LTD.**
(1) Elphinstone Circle,
(2) Thakurdwar, and
(3) Sandhurst Bridge,
BOMBAY.


## RUSE TO PERPETUATE BRITISH DOMINATION

## Kher, Subhas, Sarker And Gadgil Comment On Viceroy's Declaration

Hon. Mr. B. G. Kher, Prime Minister of Bombay, in an interview, said: "In my opinion the remarks of Mahatma Gandhi on the Viceregal declaration will find an echo in millions of Indian hearts. The statement has just missed the three essentials the proper expression of which would have laid the foundations of an abiding understanding between the two great countries. One misses in it the spiritual appeal of a crusader asking for the co-operation of India in fighting the forces of aggression and violence with a view to assisting the weak and the oppressed.

"It does not contain any declaration of the intention to allow India to settle her own constitution and give her the right of self-determination so far as constitutional issues are concerned. What would have enthused the country is an unambiguous expression on the part of the Viceroy of the British Government's readiness to transfer power to the hands of the people of this country. There is no trace of this desire.

The Viceroy's statement means a virtual negation of the principles of democracy as applied to this country. To be "very willing to consult" the Maharajas, the communalists, self-seekers and all and sundry and to find out "the greatest common measure of agreement" among these is tantamount to permit only the minimum amount of political progress and perpetuate British domination. Another Round Table Conference, as Mahatma Gandhi puts it, is bound to fail like its predecessor.

"As regards the offer of establishing a Consultative Group to be consulted as and when found necessary or desirable by the Governor-General is really no advance at all. No wonder, therefore, that a sense of great disappointment, not to say suppressed indignation, prevails all over the country. I agree with my brother, the Prime Minister of Madras, that a great opportunity which might have altered the destinies of the two countries has been missed."

### *"CONGRESS DEMAND UNEQUIVOCAL"*

(From Our Correspondent).

VILE PARLE, Oct. 18.

"War or Peace, Satyagraha or compromise Congress in Office or out of it, India was bound to progress towards its goal, if we all stand firm and united and be ready to make sacrifices worthy of our ancient race and traditions' declared Hon. Mr. Morarji Desai, Revenue Minister, in a speech at Vile Parle last night under the auspices of the Navratra Mandal, Mr. Markandrai Mehta, presiding.

Mr. Desai continuing said: The Congress demand was clear and unequivocal and at the same time most reasonable and just as admitted even by the British Press and if Britain valued India's cooperation in War, it will evoke a generous response from the British Government. If it was rejected, India's duty was clear and "I hope," he added, "every one of you, will resolve here and now to stand by the country in its hour of crisis and not rest till our goal was secured."

Hon. Mr. Mangaldas Pakvasa, President of the Legislative Council, in a brief speech, observed that this was not the time for words but for action.

### *Assurance Of Dominion Status After War Essential*

CALCUTTA, Oct. 19.

Mr. Nalini Ranjan Sarker, Finance Minister, Bengal, in the course of a statement on the Viceroy's announcement says:

"The statement has only emphasised the so-called realities of an international situation as an issue of paramount importance. Indeed it has thrown the vital question of India's political aspirations into the background. If the primary aim of the Government is besides satisfying Indian opinion, to increase India's enthusiasm for and co-operation in the war, I am far from certain that the Viceroy's statement will meet the purpose.

"AVOIDING CONTROVERSY"

"The anxiety behind this statement for avoiding any controversy at this stage will no doubt be fully appreciated but I feel, that without any prejudice to this objective it should have been possible for Great Britain to convey a more effective assurance to India regarding her political destiny even without raising any specific issues.

"Those dissentient minorities whose inability to appraise their true interests leads them only to wish for a postponement of national freedom may feel gratified that there is to be no change till another large scale conference is held after the war. But parties, whose ideas of national progress are positive, would be hard put to it to inspire enthusiastic cooperation.

"In the situation as it is, a more constructive approach should have been possible to meet India's political aspirations. There is nothing impracticable in Britain holding out the assurance of full Dominion Status immediately after the termination of the war and as an earnest of imparting a popular element to the Central Government by taking a few representative leaders in the Central Cabinet. The Viceroy's statement leaves us where we are.

INTERNAL DISUNITY

"I had thought that Britain would decide not to dwell at this moment unduly on the internal disunion which has so long received at her hands the importance of a decisive factor on account of which India has been denied the declaration of Dominion Status as the immediate goal of all practical importance.

"It is not beyond British capacity to overcome these obstacles and to confer on India a dominion constitution based on genuine principles of democracy.

"The difficulties of disunion, minority interests, etc., are there and I do not minimise their significance; but I feel strongly that if only Great Britain has the determination for it she can devise effective means for circumventing them and even create circumstances in which these will cease to have their present importance."—A.P.

German Troops marching into Warsaw after its capitulation.

### "TALLIES WITH OUR FORECAST", SAYS SUBHAS

CALCUTTA, Oct. 18.

Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose makes the following comment on the Viceroy's Declaration: "The announcement of His Excellency the Viceroy tallies with our forecast and affords the strongest justification for the stand that we have consistently taken. I hope that those who had been expecting the dawn of a new millennium will now be converted to our point of view, and join hands with us."—A.P.

### N. V. Gadgil On Viceroy's Statement

POONA, Oct. 18.

Keen disappointment is expressed at the Viceregal statement which is regarded here as no gesture at all. Mr. N. V. Gadgil, M.L.A. (Central) and President of the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee characterised the statement as not only disappointing but also displaying a lamentable lack of appreciation of nationalist Indian feeling. He says that it guarantees unmistakably the worst autocracy in the States and 'status quo' in British India. He declares that British statesmanship has failed in the acid test.—United Press.

### "ONE GRIEVANCE REMOVED"

"The Times" in a leader on Lord Zetland's announcement says that the ban which had hitherto deprived Indian subjects of the Crown of any opportunity of offering themselves for combatant service in this country has thus been removed. With it goes the grievance which was genuine and was acutely felt especially by Young Indians completing their studies in this country.

In taking the decision Government has done well to take the broad and imperial view of the issues involved. The announcement of the removal of the indefensible disability should have an excellent effect on India and in many neutral countries as well. —Reuter.

### *"A STATESMANLIKE ATTEMPT"*

#### *Sir Rahimtoolah Chinoy's View*

Sir Rahimtoolah Chinoy says:—

H. E. The Viceroy's statement is a statesmanlike attempt to deal with the difficult problem of India. Where such a great diversity of opinion prevails, it is obviously impossible that the Viceregal pronouncement can satisfy all parties and interests alike. Surely, this is not the time to create a deadlock and produce a wrong impression on the outside world. India's sympathies are wholly on the side of the Allies and India must, therefore, offer her cooperation and assistance unconditionally and unreservedly. The Consultative Body which His Excellency desires to set up will provide the right opportunity for Indian leaders to pull their weight together and on their success in sinking their differences in the supreme hour of trial will depend the pace of further progress to full Dominion Status.

### INDIA MUST FIRST UNITE

LONDON, Oct. 19.

The Secretary of State for India and the Viceroy both insist that responsible self-Government for India in the form of Dominion Status is still the eventual goal of constitutional reform, says the "Daily Telegraph" and the "Morning Post," but the root difficult at the present time is that there does not exist in India the unity which must be the basis of representative self-Government.

While all parties and interests are agreed in denouncing Nazi aggression and in approving the resistance thereto they are very far from being agreed on the conditions of Federation.

That cleavage of opinion makes it impracticable as Lord Zetland maintains, to embark on any framing of a federal scheme especially under the stress of a life and death struggle.

It may be, as he (Lord Zetland) hopes, that comradeship of arms will in itself abate the antagonism which is now so destructive of India's political unity, but in the meantime it would be highly unwise for the Government to commit themselves to measures which may be unsuited to the circumstances created by the war, whose issue is still unpredictable. One thing is certain, and that is that the ideals and aspirations of the Party would be little served by the triumph of Hitlerism.—Reuter.

### *Will Precipitate Crisis*

NAGPUR, Oct. 18.

The first reaction to the Viceroy's statement in political circles in Nagpur is one of disappointment. The Congress circles believe that the statement instead of averting a crisis, which the Congress leaders are trying to avoid, will precipitate it.

The nationalist press also expressed its disappointment on the statement of the Viceroy.——United Press.

## HOLD FAST TO IDEAL

### Jawaharlal's Message To Mysore Congressmen

Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru has sent the following message from Itarsi to the Mysore Congress:

It is curious that when everyone is talking about a war for democracy and freedom and condemning Nazi aggression, the Indian State system should continue in all its pristine autocracy and attempts to alter it and make it responsible to the popular will should be suppressed. The writing on the wall is clear but there are people still who refuse to see it. As Mahatma Gandhi has said, petty Hitlers continue to function in many of the States.

STATES CAN'T ESCAPE.

Of Mysore much was expected for industrially and otherwise it is somewhat more advanced than other states and it is ripe for the introduction of Responsible Government. But autocracy is still entrenched there and popular demands are spurned and promises made to the people have not been kept. I had hoped that wisdom would come to those who control the State Government and they would realise that the time has gone by when they can check the torrent of change. But I have been mistaken and I am distressed. And so conflict has begun again there between the people and those who seek to prevent change and retain autocracy. That conflict can have only one outcome here as elsewhere. The world is in the throes of vast revolutionary changes and the Indian States cannot escape them.

HOLD FAST TO IDEAL

Already, I am told, that 1,200 representatives of the Mysore State Congress have been arrested and sentenced. Many of the leaders are in prison. Let this not dishearten any one for nations are only made by testing and trial. I hope that the people of Mysore will hold fast to their ideal and be scrupulous about their means so that nothing may be done which discredits their cause. I wish them all success.

### Jamsaheb Did Not See Savarkar

JAMNAGAR, Oct. 19.

The Personal Assistant to H. H. the Maharaja, Jamsaheb writes:—

With reference to your Rajkot correspondent's despatch appearing in your dak edition dated October 17, giving account of an interview between His Excellency the Viceroy and H. H. the Jamsaheb, the entire report is purely imaginary and far from truth. H. H. never met Mr. V. D. Savarkar when he was in Delhi and the supposed lines on which the correspondent says the interview between His Excellency and His Highness took place appears to be the correspondent's own imagination and has no other foundation.

## The Half-Column "By Dim"

Sir Shapurjee Billimoria in an interview to a journalist: "The Parsee Community would wholeheartedly support His Majesty's Government in attaining the objects for which His Majesty's forces are now fighting." In other words they are called upon to make the supreme sacrifice of refraining from playing Rummy at the Cricket Club of India.

* * * *

I also note with great surprise that Khan Bahadur Sir Dhanjishaw Cooper was or is the leader of the People's and Peasants Party. No doubt during the days following the end of his tenure of office, he has been spending his hours 'midst the peasants and the people of Malabar Hill.

* * * *

It is now revealed that all Bombay newpapers printed extra copies of yesterday's issue on superfine paper, for certain obscure leaders, whose opinions on the Viceroy's speech have appeared therein.

* * * *

From Social and Personal: "New Delhi, October 16. The Viceroy granted an interview to Master Tara Singh." Children's Hour.

* * * *

The Telephone Company should contemplate the American idea of reversing charges. Sir H. P. Mody would then become more accessible on the trunk line to Calcutta.

* * * *

Certain Parsee gentlemen whose permits were not renewed have prefered to live out in Kalyan. They will also fully approve of the Viceroy's statement, if and when the newpaper gets to them.

### MYSORE DELEGATION MEETS GANDHIJI

WARDHAGANJ, Oct. 18.

It is understood that the Mysore Congress Delegation twice interviewed Mahatma Gandhi to-day and acquainted him with the situation in Mysore.

It is gathered that as a result of their talk Mahatma Gandhi may depute a Congress leader to visit Mysore to interview the State Congress leaders in jail and certain officials to gain firsthand knowledge. The Mysore Delegation left for Mysore to-night.—A. P.

### *SIND CONGRESSMEN TO MEET*

KARACHI, October 18.

The "United Press" learns that a joint meeting of the members of the Executive Council of the Sind Provincial Congress Committee, the Presidents of the District Congress Committees and the Congress members of the Assembly Party has been summoned to meet at Karachi on October 21 to consider the situation created by the Viceroy's declaration.—United Press.

### *Conflict Between Congress & Br. Govt.*

LAHORE, Oct. 18.

"The pity is it does not contain a trace of response to the demands of the Congress Working Committee. Naturally one is inclined to conclude that the conflict between the Congress Governments and the British Government will become inevitable."

Thus observed Bhai Permanand, the Hindu Mahasabha leader, commenting on Viceroy's statement.—Reuter

### John Bowen Evans Dead

RANGOON, Oct. 18.

Death is reported from England of Mr. John Bowen Evans, Managing Editor of the "North Wales Chronicle," "North Wales Pioneer" and the "Flintshire Observer" at his residence at Bagnor.

He was former Assistant Editor of the "Rangoon Times" and during the last Great War he served in the Rangoon Volunteer Rifles. He was also prominent Rotarian and often spoke at club functions throughout Wales.—United Press.

## Edgar Wallace Detective Story: Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE — THE POISON THRON

DON'T PLAY INNOCENT, MAGDA! I KNOW YOU AND THE BOYS ACROSS THE HALL STOLE THAT STUFF FROM THE CALGERIAN EMBASSY!
AND STOP FLUTTERING THOSE EYES. I'M NOT FALLING FOR IT—NOT TONIGHT!
MAYBE YOU'LL FALL FOR ----- THIS!
3-7
Copr 1939, King Features Syndicate, Inc., World rights reserved.


Printed and Published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by KESARINATH RAMKRISHNA GANDRE, at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.